



THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

## (**(A Constituent College of JKUAT)** (A Centre of Excellence)

# Faculty of Engineering & Technology in Conjunction with Kenya Institute of Highways and Building & Technology (KIHBT)

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

HIGHER DIPLOMA IN BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

EBE 3201: MATHEMATICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: AUGUST 2012 TIME: 2 HOURS

**Instructions to Candidates:** 

- You should have the following for this examination
  - Answer Booklet
  - Mathematical Table/Calculator

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions Answer any **THREE** questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages **Question One (20 Marks)** 

#### Question One (20 Marks)

a) Deflection of a team is represented by the following differential equation. Y'' + 100v = 10Determine an expression for y, when; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1i) y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2ii) (12 marks) b) A particle oscillates with simple harmonic motion its displacement is expressed as  $x = (5cm)\cos(2 + \frac{\pi}{6})$ , where x is in cm and t in seconds. At *t* = 0, find:i) Displacement of particle **ii)** Its velocity, and **iii)** Its acceleration iv) Period and amplitude of motion. (5 marks)  $y = x^2$ Find the area under the parabola for x between 0 and 3. (3 marks) C) **Question Two (20 marks)**  $y = \sin x$   $y = \cos x$   $x = \pi/4$ and the y-axis. **a)** Determine the area of the region enclosed by and at (6 marks) **b)** A 4 kg object is attached to a spring and will stretch the spring 350mm by itself. There is no damping  $F(t) = 10\cos(wt)$ in the system and a forcing function of the form , is attached to the object and the system experience resonance. If the object is initially displaced 20cm downward from its equilibrium position and given a velocity of 10m/sec upward. Find the displacement at any time t. (5 marks) c) Suppose you throw a hammer to a friend, who is 25 feet above you. Determine:  $V_{o} = 32 ft / sec$ (i) If you throw the hammer at an initial velocity of . Determine its distance. (ii) Determine smallest possible value of V<sub>o</sub> to enable hammer reach your friend. (6 marks)  $\frac{1}{2}d^2 \frac{y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ d) Evaluate, (3 marks)

**Question Three (20 marks)** 

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 2$$

 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 7$ 

**a)** Solve the following initial value problem,

given that, x = 0, y = 0.

(8 marks)

- **b)** You are having a free falling object whose acceleration due to gravity is -24ft/sec<sup>2</sup> Determine:
  - i) Initial velocity
  - **ii)** Initial distance of the object
- **c)** Find the general solution of the differential equations

#### **Question Four (20 marks)**

- $y = x^2$  y = x a) Find the area between the curves, and
- a) Find the area between the curves, and (5 marks) b) An object 30m below ground level accelerates at a rate of 4tm/sec<sup>2</sup>. Determine its height after 6 seconds. (5 marks)  $y = x^3$   $y = \sqrt{x}$

$$y = x^3$$
  $y = \sqrt{and}$ 

2y''+6y'+y=0

c) Find the centre of the mass for the region by

### **Question Five (20 marks)**

$$2y''+7y'+3y = 7$$

- **a)** Determine the general solution for
- **b)** Determine the surface area of the solid obtained by rotating
- c) Given that a 4kg weight stretched a spring 8 inches from its natural length. The weight is pulled down an additional 6 inches and released with an initial upward velocity of 8ft/second. Determine a formula for the opposition of the weight as a function of time, t. (8 marks)

(5 marks)

(7 marks)

(7 marks)

 $y = \sqrt{9 - x^2} - 2 \le x \le 2,$ 

(10 marks)

about the x-axis. (5 marks)