# THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE 

(A Constituent College of Jkuat)
Faculty of Engineering and Technology
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING
DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING
EBC 2320: HYDRAULICS
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS
SERIES: AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2011
TIME: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of FIVE questions in TWO sections A \& B
Answer question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions
Marks are indicated for each part of the question
This paper consists of THREE printed pages

## SECTION A (Compulsory - 30 Marks)

## Question 1

a) Define the following types of flow:
(i) Steady uniform
(ii) Unsteady uniform
(iii) Turbulent
(iv) Laminar
b) A rectangular channel has a width of 4.5 m and a bed slope of $1: 800$ chezy's c $=49$ and depth of floor 1.2m. Find;
(i) Mean velocity of flow
(ii) Discharge in the channel
c) A channel has vertical walls 1.2 m apart and a semicircular invert 0.6 m radius. The centre line depth is 0.9 m and bed slope is $1: 250$. If the discharge is $0.55 \mathrm{~m} 3 / \mathrm{s}$, determine chezy's C
d) Define the following terms.
(i) Specific energy
(ii) Critical flow
(iii) Pump

## SECTION B (Compulsory - 40 Marks)

## Question 2

a) A sewer 0.6 m diameter has abed slope of 1:200 and Chezy's $\mathrm{C}=55$. Determine:
(i) Maximum velocity in the sewer
(ii) Maximum discharge in the sewer
b) It is required to excavate a canal out of rock with Chezy's $\mathrm{C}=82.5$. The canal is rectangular and is convey $14.2 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ of water with a velocity of $2.25 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Determine;
(i) The best dimensions of the canal
(ii) The gradient of the canal

## Question 3

a) A channel of rectangular section 8 m wide has water flowing at a depth of 1.25 m with a velocity of $1.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Determine the type of flow based on the depth of flow
(7 marks)
b) A horizontal rectangular channel of constant breadth has a sluice opening upwards. When the sluice is partially opened, water issues at $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ with a depth of 600 mm . Determine the loss of head due to hydraulic jump
c) With reference to Froude's number, distinguish streaming flow from shooting flow (2 marks)

## Question 4

a) A venturiflume is 1.30 m wide at the entrance and 0.65 m at the throat. Neglecting hydraulic losses in the flume, calculate the flow if depths at the entrance and throat are 0.65 m and 0.6 m respectively.
marks)
b) The normal depth of flow of water is 1 m in a rectangular channel 1.5 m wide. The bed slope of the channel is 0.0006 and manning's $\mathrm{n}=0.012$. Determine the critical depth

## Question 5

a) with the aid of a sketch, briefly describe the working principle of a double acting reciprocating pump marks)
b) sketch a pelton wheel and briefly explain its working principle
c) explain TWO functions of an air vessel when placed on the delivery side of reciprocating pump marks)

