



THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of JKUAT) Faculty of Engineering and Technology

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING & COMPUTER (DCC 09)

DIPLOMA IN BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING (DBC 09)

EBC 1117: TRAVERSE SURVEYING

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: DECEMBER 2011

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet
- Pocket calculator
- Pencil & Eraser

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** from **SECTION A** and any other **TWO** questions from **SECTION B** Maximum marks for each part of a question are clearly shown This paper consists of **FOUR** printed pages

SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

Question 1 (30 marks)

a) Define the following terms:

- (i) Compass traverse
- (ii) Isogonals
- (iii) Variation of declination
- (iv) Local attraction

b) Table 1 shows the included angle between AB and AC. Calculate the internal included angle.

Table 1

(8 marks)

(6 marks)

(i)	AB	N 30°	10'E	AC	N79°	45'E
(ii)	AB	N 15°	40'E	AC	S 50°	40'E
(iii)	AB	S 45°	00'E	AC	N 45°	30'E
(iv)	AB	N 60°	30'E	AC	N 30°	25'W

c) The bearing of a closed traverse ABCDE are as shown in table 2

Table 2

Line	Forward bearing	Back bearing
AB BC CD DE EA	107° 15' 22° 00' 281° 30' 181° 15' 124° 45'	287° 15' 202° 00' 101° 30' 1° 15' 304° 45'

Compute the interior angles of the traverse and apply the necessary checks (12 marks)

- d) Compute the back bearing of the following bearings.
 - (i) 60° 30'
 - (ii) 210° 45'
 - (iii) 133° 00'
 - (iv) 350° 05' (4 marks)

SECTION B (Answer any TWO questions from this section)

Question 2 (20 marks)

- a) Define the following terms:
 - (i) Whole circle bearing
 - (ii) Partial co-ordinates
 - (iii) Polar co-ordinates
 - (iv) Join

(8 marks)

b) Outline THREE uses of compass transverse		
c) State SIX points to be considered when selecting station for a compass traverse		
Question 3 (20 marks)		
 a) Convert the following whole circle bearings into quadrantal bearings (i) 68° 30' (ii) 210° 00' (iii) 300° 40' (iv) 120° 35' 	(4 marks)	
 b) Define the following terms. (i) Angles (ii) Bearings (iii) Magnetic meridian (iv) Local meridian (v) Grid meridian (vi) Co-ordinate system 	(9 marks)	
c) With the aid of a sketch, illustrate the construction of a prismatic compass	(7 marks)	

Question 4 (20 marks)

a) The internal clockwise angles of a closed polygonal traverse are as shown in Table 3. Calculate and tabulate the corrected bearings, given the whole circle bearing of line AB as 100° 00' 00''

Table 3

Angle		Observ	ved Value	
ABC	120°	20'	00"	
BCD	86°	00'	40"	
CDE	341°	34'	20"	
DEF	60°	22'	00"	
EFA	100°	22'	20"	
FAB	11°	14'	10"	(12 marks)

b) Table 4 shows the datum co-ordinates of points T1 and T2

Table 4

$\begin{array}{c} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{array}$	1673.1ME, 1477.8ME,		
Compute	e the distance an	d bearing of $T_1 - T_2$	(6 marks)

c) State any **TWO** merits of compass traversing

(2 marks)

Question 5 (20 marks)

a) Table 5 shows magnetic bearings in which is expected a local attraction presence. Use the readings to calculate the bearings corrected for local attraction (15 marks)

Line	Forward bearing	Back bearing
AE	319° 00'	135° 30'
AB	72° 45'	252° 00'
BC	349°00'	167° 15'
CD	298° 30'	118° 30'
DE	229° 00'	48° 00'

b) State the conversion of the forward bearing of a line into its back bearing in Quadrantal bearing system (5 marks)