



TECHNICAL UNIVERISTY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:
BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
(BTIT 11M)

EIT 4312: DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SERIES: DECEMBER 2013
TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **FOUR** printed pages

Question One (Compulsory)

- a) Define the following terms: **(5 marks)**
- (i) Distributed systems
 - (ii) RPC mechanism
 - (iii) CORBA
 - (iv) Asynchronous communication
 - (v) Dynamic loading
- b) With examples, describe what are multi-computers **(4 marks)**
- c) In message-based communication systems, what are the differences between persistent messaging and transient messaging? **(4 marks)**
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- d) List and explain FOUR goals for distributed system to make them worth building (4 marks)
- e) Distributed systems can either be homogenous or heterogeneous. Explain the difference. (2 marks)
- f) Describe the THREE levels of software in a client server model with a help of a suitable diagram. (5 marks)
- g) Explain any TWO types of failure in distributed systems (2 marks)

Question Two

- a) Discuss the following distributed systems architectures (8 marks)
 - (i) Client server
 - (ii) Multi Tier
 - (iii) Peer to peer
 - (iv) Hybrid

b)

A

NOTE:

X:Y send before receive, local order with process yields 1, 2, 3, 4

The above diagram is a message sequence chart answer the following questions

- (i) What happens when Receiver (2) does not get the message? (2 marks)
- (ii) By the help of the diagram explain in details the streams involved in group communication. (8 marks)
- (iii) How can you determine a global event ordering? (4 marks)
- (iv) To initiate clocks and timing in the message sequence chart, explain only THREE problems that the distributed system will. (6 marks)

Question Three

- a) Explain the following approaches in a distributed system:
 - (i) Shared memory
 - (ii) Message passing (2 marks)

- b) State any FOUR key challenges of distributed systems that apply to DF5 (5 marks)
- c) List the THREE main software components that may fail when a client process involves a method in a server object, giving an example of a failure in each case. Suggest how the components can be made to tolerate one another's failures (8 marks)
- d) Explain any FOUR difficulties and threats for distributed systems. (4 marks)
- e) Explain why there is no explicit data typing in CORBA COR (4 marks)

Question Four

- a) Compare connectionless (UDP) and connection oriented (TCP) communication for the implementation of each of the following application level on presentation level protocols: (10 marks)
- (i) Virtual terminal access
 - (ii) File Transfer
 - (iii) User location
 - (iv) Information browsing
 - (v) Remote procedure call
- b) Outline the design of a scheme that users messages retransmission with IP multicast to overcome the problem of dropped messages. Your scheme should take the following points into account.
- (i) There may be multiple senders
 - (ii) Generally on a small proportion of messages are dropped
 - (iii) Recipient may not necessary send a message within any particular time limit.

NOTE: Assume that messages that are not dropped arrive in sender order. (5 marks)

- c) Explain the difference between a tightly coupled or loosely coupled system and give an example in each. (4 marks)
- d) Differentiate between Broadcast communication and multicast communication.

Question Five

- a) Briefly discuss the economical and technical reasons that make distributed systems more attractive than their centralized counterparts. (4 marks)
- b)

The above diagram is a GNS directory tree and value tree for user Peter Smith.

- (i) How can we integrate the database rooted at EC directory with another database for North America. Explain with a suitable diagram. **(5 marks)**
- (ii) With a suitable diagram explain how you can merge trees under a new root by using the key directories below. **(5 marks)**
 - # 599 = # 633/EC
 - # 642 = #633/ NORTH AMERICA

c) Implementing security solutions has been a critical challenge in distributed system. Explain briefly any THREE security solutions that can safe guard all the systems in a distributed system interconnection. **(3 marks)**

d) Discuss the networking and internetworking under the following topics:

- (i) PAN₅
- (ii) WAN₅
- (iii) WLAN₅ **(3 marks)**