



TECHNICAL UNIVERISTRY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE IN:
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING
(BSEE Y3 S2 – 6A & 6B & BSCE Y3 S2)

SMA 2276: COMPUTER PROGRAMMING II

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question **ONE (Compulsory)** and any other **TWO** questions
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

Question One (Compulsory)

- a) Define the following terms in relation to computer programming;
- (i) Computer program
 - (ii) Program control
 - (iii) Programming Language compiler
 - (iv) Array
 - (v) Sub-program
- (10 marks)**
- b) State the FIVE steps that can be used to plan a programming task
- (5 marks)**
- c) Describe the FOUR main elements of a FORTRAN program
- (8 marks)**

- d) Write a computer program in FORTRAN that requests TWO 2 x 2 Integer Matrices from the keyboard, and then multiplies them. Using references to individual array elements, display the input matrices and the results in the order:
- (1, 1) (1, 2)
(2, 1) (2, 2) (7 marks)

Question Two

- a) Briefly explain the term “Unit Identifier” as used in FORTRAN programming (4 marks)
- b) Write the syntax for “format statement” in FORTRAN. (4 marks)
- c) Differentiate between the following terms/commands as applied to FORTRAN programming:
- (i) REAL & COMPLEX data types
 - (ii) OPEN (unit, file) and CLOSE (Unit)
 - (iii) Do Loops and IF statements (6 marks)
- d) Write a FORTRAN program called FACTORIAL which reads in an integer, n from the keyboard and then uses an integer function to calculate n! (the factorial of n). The program should display the result on the screen.
[Hint: $n! = n * (n - 1) * (n - 2) * (n - 3) * \dots * 3 * 2 * 1$] (6 marks)

Question Three

- a) Define the following concepts as used in FORTRAN programming:
- (i) IMPLICIT NONE statement
 - (ii) NAG Library
 - (iii) Modules (6 marks)
- b) Differentiate between the following terms/commands as applied to FORTRAN programming:
- (i) Testing and Debugging
 - (ii) Variable and Constant
 - (iii) INTENT and SAVE attributes
 - (iv) Function and subroutine (8 marks)
- c) Write a computer program (using FORTRAN) to compute projectile motion. The program computes the horizontal, x, and vertical y, position of the projectile after a time, t: where $x = ut \cos a$ and $y = ut \sin a - gt^2/2$

Question Four

- a) Compare and contrast the following as used in FORTRAN:
- (i) EXIT and STOP statements
 - (ii) GLOBAL and LOCAL variables
 - (iii) INTENT and SAVE attributes
 - (iv) PUBLIC and PRIVATE attributes (8 marks)
- b) Briefly discuss the role of functions and subroutines in computer program organization (6 marks)
- c) Give the syntax for the “formal definition” of the structures of:
- (i) A function
 - (ii) A subroutine (6 marks)

Question Five

a) Briefly describe any FIVE features of a good computer program **(10 marks)**

b) Briefly explain the role of GNUPLOT application in FORTRAN graphics and visualization **(4 marks)**

$$r'len = \sqrt{V(r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_3^2)}$$

c) The length of a vector r, is given by where r1, r2, and r3 are the components of the vector. Construct a computer program (using FORTRAN) to find the length, rlen of the vector **(6 marks)**