



THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of JKUAT)

Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF B.TECH IN INDUSTRIAL
CHEMISTRY

APS 4103: PHYSICS FOR CHEMISTS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: DECEMBER 2011

TIME: 2HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer Question **ONE (Compulsory)** from **SECTION A** and any other **TWO** questions from **SECTION B**

Maximum marks for each part of a question are clearly shown

This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

Take Acceleration due to gravity, $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$
 Permeability of free space, $\mu_0 = 4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ NA}^{-2}$
 Permittivity of free space, $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C/(Nm}^2\text{)}$

SECTION A (Compulsory)

QUESTION ONE (30 Marks)

- a) Below is an equation for real gases

$$\left(P + \frac{a}{V^2} \right) = \frac{RT}{(V-b)}$$

where V - volume, T - temperature, R – universal molar gas constant, a
and b are constants. Find the dimensions of a and b (5 marks)

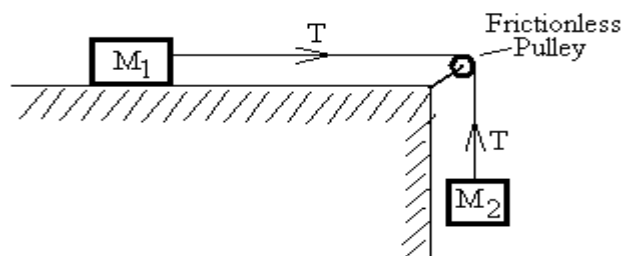
- b) State the Newton's first law of motion (2 marks)

- c) A force A acting along the x-axis has a magnitude of 10N. If another force B equal to 8N makes an angle of 120° with force A, find their resultant force. Sketch the three forces. (5 marks)
- d) A block of mass m is supported by an inextensible string from the ceiling. Another string is attached to the bottom of the block. Explain what would happen when : -
- The lower string is given a sudden jerk
 - The lower string is pulled steadily
- e) Show that the number of nuclides N yet to undergo radioactive decay at any time t is given by $N = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$ where N_0 is the initial number of nuclides at time t=0 and λ is the decay constant. (5 marks)
- f) A cubical box of identical surfaces is placed in a uniform electric field E . What is the net flux on the box (3 marks)
- g) Two isolated metal spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 are connected by a long conductor. Find the ratio their final charge densities σ_1 and σ_2 respectively (6 marks)

SECTION B (Attempt any TWO questions)

QUESTION TWO (20 Marks)

- a) (i) Distinguish static friction and kinetic friction (2 marks)
- (ii) Explain why the coefficient of static friction μ_s is always greater than the coefficient of kinetic friction μ_k (3 marks)
- (iii) A block is resting on an inclined plane that makes an angle Θ with the horizontal. As the angle of incline is increased, it was found that the block just begins to slide down the plane at an angle Θ_s , show that $\mu_s = \tan \theta_s$ (5 marks)
- b) The figure below shows two masses M_1 and M_2 attached to each other using an inextensible string of negligible mass.



If the masses accelerate over a frictionless table at $a \text{ m/s}^2$ when the tension on the string is

T, show that : - (i) $a = \frac{M_1}{M_1 + M_2} g$ (6 marks)

(ii) $T = \frac{M_1 M_2}{M_1 + M_2} g$ (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 Marks)

- a) Use the Gauss law to derive the Coulomb law (6 marks)
- b) Determine the electric potential for all the points at a distance r on the axis of a uniformly charged circular disc of radius a whose surface charge density is σ . Show that such a disc behaves as a point charge when $r \gg a$. (14 marks)

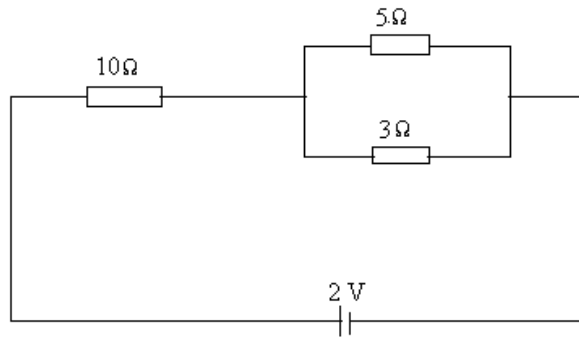
QUESTION FOUR (20 Marks)

Three charges are placed in free space such that q_2 is 5 cm from q_1 along the positive x-axis. The line joining q_1 to q_3 makes an angle -30° with the positive y-axis when the distance between q_2 and q_3 is 5cm. Given that $q_1 = -3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$, $q_2 = 4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ and $q_3 = -2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$, find : -

- (a) The resultant force on q_1 and its direction (7 marks)
- (b) The electric field at O, the centre of the configuration (7 marks)
- (c) The electric potential at O (3 marks)
- (d) The net electrical potential energy due to the configuration (3 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 Marks)

- a) If the potential at a certain region is given by $V = 6x^2y - 40xz^2 - 20$, find the components of the electric field E at the point (1,0,2) metres (6 marks)
- b) Derive the expression for the equivalent capacitance of three capacitors in series (6 marks)
- c) The circuit below is connected to a 2V battery as shown



- i) Determine the equivalent resistance in the circuit (3 marks)
- ii) Determine the potential drop in the 3Ω resistor (2 marks)
- iii) Calculate the current through the 5 Ω resistor (2 marks)
- iv) Find the power dissipated at the 10 Ω resistor (2 marks)