## THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE <br> (A Constituent College of JKUAT) <br> (A Centre of Excellence) <br> Faculty of Engineering \& <br> Technology

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING
CERTIFICATE IN CONSTRUCTION TECHNICIAN (PART I)
AMA 1108: ALGEBRA I
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SERIES: AUGUST 2012
TIME: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer any THREE questions
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown
This paper consists of THREE printed pages
Question One (20 Marks)
a) Simplify leaving the answer in index form

$$
\frac{2^{-4} \times 5 \times 4^{3}}{5^{4} \times 4^{2} \div 2^{-6}}
$$

$$
x^{-0.2}=0.045
$$

b) Solve the equation using logarithms:

$$
\log _{5}(2 x-)=2 \log (x+1)-\log _{5}(x+3)
$$

c) Solve the equation:

## Question Two (20 marks)

$$
6+3 x=0.4 x^{2}
$$

a) Find the value of $x$ in the equation
b) The loading (w) of a spring is related to extension (L) by an expression of the form.
$\mathrm{L}={ }^{a W+b}$ where a and b are constants.

Experimental results for the loading are:

| Load (w) in Newtons | 20.0 | 30.0 | 40.0 | 60.0 | 80.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Length (L) in cm | 24.1 | 26.0 | 27.9 | 32.1 | 35.9 |

i) Use graphical method to determine the law.
ii) Find the value of the loading that would result into an extension of 15 cm .

Question Three (20 marks)

$$
\frac{6^{-7} \times 7^{4} \times 3^{-2}}{(2 / 3)^{-7} \times(5 / 3)^{-4}}
$$

a) Simplify
b) Solve the equation:
c) Solve the following simultaneously:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 t_{1}+3 t_{2}+2 t_{3}=7 \\
& t_{1}+t_{2}+t_{3}=6 \\
& 3 t_{1}-3 t_{2}-2 t_{3}=3
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question Four (20 marks)

$$
\log _{8} x=\frac{m}{2}, \log _{2}^{2} x=N \text { and } N-m=4
$$

a) Given
b) (i) Draw the graph of

$$
y=2 x^{2}-3 x-5=0 \quad-3 \leq x \leq 3
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { for } \\
& 2 x^{2}-6 x+4=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(ii) Use the graph obtained in b(i) to solve

## Question Five (20 marks)

a) Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& p-q+r=-1 \\
& 3 p-2 q+r=1 \\
& 4 p+q-3 r=10
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
2+\frac{1}{x+1}=\frac{2}{x-1}
$$

b) Solve the equation
c) Solve the following simultaneously.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4^{x+2 y}=5 \\
& 2^{x+3 y}=8
\end{aligned}
$$

