



THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of Jkuat)

Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

UPGRADING MATHEMATICS

AMA 1103: CALCULUS

FINAL EXAMINATION

SERIES: AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2011

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other two questions

This paper consist of **THREE** printed pages

Question One (30 marks)

$$y = x^2 + 3x + 2$$

- a) Given the function $y = x^2 + 3x + 2$, find;
- (i) The gradient function the curve (1 mark)
 - (ii) The gradient of the curve at (1,2) (2 marks)
 - (iii) The equation of the tangent at (1,2) (4 marks)
 - (iv) The equation of the normal at (1,2) (4 marks)
 - (v) The turning point (3 marks)
- b) (i) Integrate the function (5 marks)

$$\int_0^3 \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x + 2}$$

- c) Use product rule to differentiate

$$y = e^{x+1} \cos x$$

(4 marks)
(7 marks)

- d) Use substitution method to integrate

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 2x + 10}$$

Question Two (20 marks)

$$y = x^3$$

- a) Using first principles differentiate (4 marks)

$$v = 10(10t - t^2)$$

- b) The speed of a body v m/s through the air at time t seconds is given by

Find

- i) The value of t for the maximum velocity to be obtained (3 marks)
- ii) The distance travelled by the body in the first 6 seconds from rest (4 marks)
- iii) Its acceleration when $t = 6.5$ (3 marks)
- iv) The velocity of the body when $t = 2$ (2 marks)

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + 5$$

- c) Find the derivative of the curve at point where $x = 2$ (2 marks)

Question Three (20 marks)

a) Using chain rule differentiate

$$y = (2x + 3)^{-4}$$

(i) (4 marks)

$$y = \cos^3 5x$$

(ii) (5 marks)

b) Use substitution method to integrate (5 marks)

$$\int \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$$

c) Find by integration the area bounded by the curve $y = 3x^2 + 4$, the x-axis and the lines $x=2$ and $x=5$ (6 marks)

Question Four (20 marks)

a) A rectangular sheet of metal measures 8cm by 5 cm. Equal squares up side x are removed from each corner and the edges are folded to make an open box of volume $v\text{cm}^3$. Find the value of x for which the volume of the box is maximum and hence find this maximum volumes (12 marks)

b) Find the derivative of:

$$y = e^{2x^4}$$

(4 marks)

c) Integrate:

$$\int_{-1}^3 (x-1)^2 dx$$

(4 marks)

Question Five (20 marks)

a) (i) Sketch the curve of $y = x^2$ (3 marks)

(iii) Find the area bounded by the curve $y = x^2$ and the lines $y = x$, $x=1$ and $x=2$ (10 marks)

b) Use product rule to differentiate:

$$y = x^2 \sin 2x$$

(4 marks)

c) Integrate

$$\int_1^2 4x^3 dx$$

(3 marks)