

Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSISCS

DIPLOMA IN SCIENCE LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY (DSLT 12J)

APS 2302: PHYSICS TECHNIQUES IV - REFRIGERATION

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: APRIL 2014 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions

Answer question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages **Question One (Compulsory)** a) Describe THREE ways in which heat can be transferred from a metal container full of hot water. (6 marks) **b)** (i) What is "Refrigeration"? (2 marks) (ii) State FOUR application of refrigeration (4 marks) **c)** (i) Define Thermal conductivity. (2 marks) (ii) Determine the rate of loss of heat through a window of thickness 6mm and area 2m² if the temperature difference between the two sides is 20°C. Given thermal conductivity of glass is 0.8wm⁻¹k⁻¹. (5 marks) **d)** (i) State Charle's Law (2 marks) (ii) To what temperature must 2 litres of air at 290k be heated at constant pressure in order to increase its volume to 3 litres. (3 marks) e) Outline the maintenance procedure for the following laboratory equipment: (i) Microscope (3 marks) (ii) Refrigerators (3 marks) **Question Two a)** Explain the FIVE steps in the refrigeration cycles. (10 marks) **b)** (i) State Guy-Lussac's Law of ideal hales. (2 marks) (ii) A motor car tyre contains a fixed mass of air when the air temperature in the tyre was 17°C. After a high speed run the air pressure was found to be 330KN/m². What was the new temperature of the air in the tyre. (3 marks) **Question Three a)** (i) What is meant by the term "Heat"? (2 marks) (ii) Distinguish between good and bad conductors of heat giving examples of each. (4 marks) b) (i) Explain why your feet feels colder when you stand on a cemented floor than when you stand on a (2 marks) wooden floor. (ii) Use Kinetic theory of gases to explain Boyle's Law. (3 marks) **Question Four a)** (i) What is a "Refrigerant" (2 marks) (ii) Give TWO examples of a refrigerant. (2 marks)

(ii) 125cm³ of a gas are collected at 15°C and 755mm of mercury pressure. Determine the volume of

the gas at s.t.p

b) (i) Write down the equation of state for ideal gas.

(1 mark)

(4 marks)

c) Explain THREE common electrical faults in the laboratory. (6 marks)

Question Five

a) Discuss the factors that determine the choice of refrigerant used in refrigeration system.

(6 marks)

b) Distinguish between hermetic compressors and open type compressors.

(4 marks)

c) Give:

(i) THREE disadvantages of Hermetic compressors

(3 marks)

(ii) TWO advantages of open type compressors.

(2 marks)