



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF:

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN APPLIED TECHNOLOGY (BTAP)

AMA 4212: VECTOR ANALYSIS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL 2015

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- *Mathematical tables*
- *Scientific Calculator*

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **TWO** printed pages

Question One (Compulsory)

- a) Find the angle θ between the vector $v = (2, 1, -1)$ and $w = (3, -4, 1)$ (4 marks)
- b) Prove that the area of a parallelogram PQRS with sides v and w is $\|v \times w\|$ (4 marks)
- c) Consider vectors $a = i + 3j - k$, $b = -i + j - 5k$ and $c = 3i - 2j + 7k$. Find the vector $(a \times b) \times c$ (4 marks)
- d) Define the following terms:
(i) Divergence of vector $v(x, y, z)$ (2 marks)
(ii) Cure of vector $v(x, y, z)$ (2 marks)

$$x = t + 2t^2, y = 3t - 4, z = -6t + 2$$

- e) Find the unit tangent vector at any point on the curve when $t = 2$ (5 marks)

$$x = 1 - y^2$$

- f) Let C be the curve from (0, -1) to (0, 1). Evaluate:

$$\int_C y^3 dx + x^2 dy$$

(5 marks)

- g) Convert the point (-2, -2, 1) from Cartesian coordinate to:

(i) Cylindrical coordinates

(ii) Spherical coordinates

(4 marks)

Question Two

- a) State Green's theorem in the plane

(4 marks)

- b) Verify Green's theorem in the plane

(8 marks)

$$\oint 3x^2 - 8y^2 dx + 4y - 6xy dy$$

$$y = \sqrt{x}, x = x^2$$

where C is the boundary of the region defined by

$$A = 3i - 2j + k, B = i - 3j + 5k, C = 2i + j - 4k$$

- c) Show that the vectors
your answer

form a right triangle. Support

(8 marks)

Question Three

$$v = xzyi + 3x^2 yj + (xz^2 - y^2 z)k$$

- a) Find the divergence and curl of the vector

at the pt (3, 1, -2)

(8 marks)

- b) Calculate the area of the triangle PQR where P(2, 4, -7), Q = (3, 7, 18) and R = (-5, 12, 8)

(8 marks)

$$\text{grad } \phi \quad \phi = x^3 + y^3 + 3xyz$$

- c) Find if

(4 marks)

Question Four

$$\vec{a} = 18 \cos 3t i - 3 \sin 2t j + 6t R$$

$$\vec{v}$$

- a) The acceleration of a particle at any time t is given by

. If the velocity

$$\vec{r} \quad \vec{v} \quad \vec{r}$$

and displacement are zero at $t = 0$, find and at any time t.

(10 marks)

- b) State Stoke's theorem relating the line and the surface integrals

(4 marks)

$$\oint_C F \cdot dr$$

$$F = y^2 i + x^2 j - (x + z) k$$

- c) Evaluate by Stoke's theorem, where triangle with vertices at (0, 0, 0), ((1, 0, 0) and (1, 3, 0)

and C is the boundary of the

(6 marks)

Question Five

$$f(t) = \frac{\cos t}{1+a^2t^2}, \frac{\sin t}{\sqrt{1+a^2t^2}}, \frac{-at}{\sqrt{1+a^2t^2}}, \text{ with } a \neq 0$$

a) Let $\|f(t)\| = 1$ show that for all t (5 marks)

$$(x-2)^2 + (y-1)^2 + z^2 = 9$$

b) Write the equation in spherical coordinate (5 marks)

$$U \cdot (v \times w) \quad U = (1, 2, 4), v = (2, 2, 0), w = (1, 3, 0)$$

c) Find for (5 marks)

\mathcal{R}^2

d) (i) Define the gradient function $f(x, y)$ in (2 marks)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) \quad f(x, y) = x^2y + y + y^3$$

(ii) Determine and for the function (2 marks)

(iii) Find gradient $f(x, y)$ at point (1, 2) (1 mark)