



**TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**  
**Faculty of Applied & Health**  
**Sciences**

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS  
DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(PLANT, AUTOMOTIVE & PRODUCTION OPTIONS)

AMA 2302: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS VI

**END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

**SERIES: APRIL 2013**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*
- *Mathematical Table*
- *Scientific Calculator*

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions in **TWO** sections **A & B**

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions  
 Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown  
 This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

**SECTION A (COMPULSORY)**

**Question One**

a) (i) Show that  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$  is a scalar quantity.... **(3 marks)**

$$\vec{r}_1 = 2\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} - \vec{k} \quad \vec{r}_2 = 6\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$$

(ii) Find the scalar product of  $\vec{r}_1$  and  $\vec{r}_2$  **(2 marks)**

(iii) Hence determine the angle between  $\vec{r}_1$  and  $\vec{r}_2$  **(3 marks)**

b) Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int_{-3}^3 \int_0^1 \int_1^2 (x + y + z) dx dy dz$$

(i) **(5 marks)**

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^a \int_0^{\sin\theta} r dr d\theta$$

(ii) **(3 marks)**

c) Find the area bounded by the parabola  $y = x^2$  and the line  $y - 2x - 3 = 0$ . Hence sketch the area graph. **(4 marks)**

d) Five balls are drawn from a bag containing six red and four black balls. Determine the probability that:

(i) 3 are red and 2 are black **(2 marks)**

(ii) All five are red balls **(2 marks)**

$$\frac{1}{1000}$$

e) The probability that a person suffers bad reaction from an injection of a given serum is  $\frac{1}{1000}$ . Use Poisson distribution to determine the probability that out of 2000:

(i) Exactly three suffer bad reaction **(3 marks)**

(ii) More than 2 people suffers bad reaction **(3 marks)**

**SECTION B (Answer any TWO questions from this section)**

**Question Two**

$$\vec{x} = 2\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 3\vec{k}, \quad \vec{y} = a\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + \vec{k} \quad \vec{z} = \vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$$

a) (i) Three coplanar vectors are:  $\vec{x}$ ,  $\vec{y}$  and  $\vec{z}$ . Determine the value of a **(3 marks)**

$$\vec{A} = 2\vec{i} - 5\vec{j} + 7\vec{k}, \quad \vec{B} = 3\vec{i} + 8\vec{j} - \vec{k}$$

(ii) Given the vectors

Determine:

(I)  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$  (2 marks)

(II)  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$  (2 marks)

(III) The angle between  $\vec{A}$  and  $\vec{B}$  (2 marks)

$$\vec{F} = x^2yz \vec{i} + xyz \vec{j} + y^2z \vec{k} \quad \phi = xyz - 2y^2z + x^2z^2$$

b) Given that  $\text{div curl } \vec{F} = \text{curl grad } \phi = 0$  and

(i) Show that (7 marks)

(ii) Determine  $\text{div grad } \phi$  at (1,1,1) (4 marks)

### Question Three

a) Evaluate the following integrals:

(i)  $\int_0^1 dx \int_0^x dy \int_0^y dz$  (4 marks)

(ii)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \frac{dy dx}{1+x^2+y^2}$  (4 marks)

(iii)  $\iiint_S xyz dx dy dz$  where  $s(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$   
 $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0$  (7 marks)

b) Determine the volume of a solid bounded by the following surfaces using triple integral:

$$Z = 0, x^2 + y^2 = 1, x + y + z = 3$$
 (7 marks)

### Question Four

$$\vec{A} = x^3y \vec{i} + (x+z)y \vec{j} + x^2z^2 \vec{k} \quad \phi = 2x^2y + xyz - 4y^2z^2 - 5$$

a) If  $\vec{A}$  and  $\phi$

Determine at (1, 1, 3)

(i) Div A (3 marks)

(ii) Grad  $\phi$  (3 marks)

(iii) Curl A (3 marks)

$$A = 3\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}, B = \vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 2\vec{k} \quad A \times B$$

b) Given two vectors  $\vec{C} = 9\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$  show that  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$  is perpendicular to the vector.

$$\vec{C} = 9\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$$

(3 marks)

c) (i) If  $f(x, y, z) = xyz - 2y^2z + x^2z^2$  determine  $\text{div grad } f(x, y, z)$  at a point  $(2, 4, 1)$  (3 marks)

(ii) Determine a unit normal to the surface  $\phi = 4xz^3 - 3x^2y^2z$  at a point  $(2, -1, 2)$  (4 marks)

### Question Five

a) The weekly wages of 1000 workmen are normally distributed around a mean of ksh 70 with standard deviation of ksh 5. Estimate the number of workers whose wages will be:

(i) Between ksh 69 and ksh 72 (4 marks)

(ii) Less than ksh 69 (4 marks)

(iii) More than ksh 72 (2 marks)

$$P(r) = n_c r^c q^{n-r} p^r \quad u$$

b) (i) If r has a binomial distribution show that the mean is given by np (7 marks)

(ii) Fit Poisson distribution to the following data:

x	0	1	2	3	4
f	192	100	24	3	1

(3 marks)