

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA
Faculty of Applied \& Health

## Sciences

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS \& PHYSICS <br> UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE <br> BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL \& ELECTRONIC/CIVIL ENGINEERING

SMA 2472: OPERATIONS RESEARCH

## SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION <br> SERIES: OCTOBER 2013 <br> TIME: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consist of FIVE questions in TWO sections A \& B
Answer question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown
This paper consists of THREE printed pages

## SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

Question One
a) Define the following terms:
(i) Operations research
(ii) Inventory
(iii) Linear programming
b) The pay off table below shows two states of nature S1 and S2 with probabilities 0.6 and 0.4 respectively and the alternative strategies A1 and A2.

| S1 | S |
| :--- | :--- |


|  |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | 30 | 35 |
| A2 | 20 | 30 |

Which strategy should the decision maker choose? (Show your working)
(3 marks)
c) A machine owner finds from his past records that the costs per year of maintaining a machine whose purchase price is $\$ 6,000$ are as given below:

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maintenance cost | 1000 | 1200 | 1400 | 1800 | 2300 | 2800 | 3400 | 4000 |
| Resale price | 3000 | 1500 | 750 | 375 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |

When is the machine due for replacement?
(6 marks)
d) A tourist car operator finds that during the past few months, the car's use has varied so much that the cost of maintaining it varied considerably. During the past 200 days the demand for the car fluctuated as follows:

| Trips | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 16 | 24 | 30 | 60 | 40 | 30 |

Monte-Carlo’s simulation technique to simulate the average demand for a 10 week period.
e) Use the simplex method to maximize:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& z=x_{1}+4 x_{2} \\
& \quad \quad \text { subject ot } \\
& x_{1}+2 x_{2} \leq 8,000 \\
& 6 x_{1}+4 x_{2} \leq 18,000 \\
& x_{1}, x_{2} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

(6 marks)
f) At what average rate must a clerk at a supermarket work in order to insure a probability of 0.90 that customers will have to wait longer than 12 minutes? (It is assumed that there is only counter to which customers arrive in a poisson fashion at an average rate of 15 per hour. The length of service by the clerk has an exponential distribution)
( 7 marks)

## SECTION B (Answer any TWO questions from this section)

## Question Two

A plastic manufacturer can utilize 3 raw materials for only poly $\quad(\alpha) \quad$ Gimp and max in varying
proportions to produce three products A, B and C. (Using any one of the three, the three products can be
manufactured) The firm wishes to produce at least 200 units of A, 300 units of B and 80 units of C. 1 kg

while 1 kg of yields 1 unit of $A, 3$ units of $B$ and 1 unit of $C$. If poly costs shs 20 per kg ,
a) Define the decision variables.
b) Gimp shs 30 per kg and mas shs 50 per kg, find out:
(i) The minimization function
(1 mark)
(ii) The constraints inequalities.
c) Convert the problem into a maximization model
(4 marks)
d) Solve the problem
(11 marks)

## Question Three

a) The following table shows the jobs of a network along with their time estimates:

| Job | $1-2$ | $1-6$ | $2-3$ | $2-4$ | $3-5$ | $4-5$ | $6-7$ | $5-8$ | $7-8$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Tm | 7 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 17 |
| Top | 13 | 14 | 26 | 8 | 19 | 17 | 29 | 9 | 32 |


| (i) | Draw the project network | (4 marks) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (ii) | Calculate the total float | (9 marks) |
| (iii) | Determine the critical path | (2 marks) |
| (iv) | Compute the project length variance | (1 mark) |
| (v) | Calculate the probability that the project is completed in 40 days | (4 marks) |

## Question Four

a) The annual demand of an item is 3200 units. The unit cost is ksh 6 and inventory carrying charges $25 \%$ per annum. If the cost of one procurement is ksh 150 , determine the:

| (i) | Optimum lot size | (3 marks) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (ii) | Number of orders per year | (2 marks) |
| (iii) | Time between consecutive orders | (2 marks) |
| (iv) | Optimal cost | (3 marks) |

b) A small ink manufacturer produces a certain type of ink at a total average cost of ksh 3 per bottle and sells it at a price of ksh 5 per bottle. The ink is produced over the weekend and is sold during the following week. According to past experience the weekly demand has never been less than 78 or greater than 80 bottles in his place:
(i) Define the alternative courses of action (1 mark)
(ii) Define the different states of nature
(iii) Formulate the pay off table

## Question Five

a) Suppose that the sales of a particular item per day is Poisson with mean 5
(i) Prepare a probability distribution table
(ii) Generate 20 days of sales by Monte Carlo method, working to two decimal places.
(iii) Find the average sales over the 20 days
b) A truck owner finds form his past records that the maintenance cost per year of a truck whose purchase price is 8 million are as given below:

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maintenance cost (ksh) x <br> 1000 | 1000 | 1300 | 1700 <br> 0 | 2200 | 2900 | 3800 | 4800 | 6000 |
| Resale price (ksh x 1000) | 4000 | 2000 | 1200 | 600 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 400 |

Determine the time at which it is profitable to replace the truck

