

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Applied & Health

Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS & COMPUTER SCIENCE BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN STATISTICS & COMPUTER SCIENCE

AMA 4108: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: APRIL 2015 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Mathematical tables
 - Scientific Calculator

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

Question One (Compulsory)

a) Write a logically equivalent statement to "if you do not attend recitation, then you are not wise"

b) Show that the following argument form is valid:

$$p \lor (q \lor r)$$
$$\sim r$$
$$\therefore p \lor q$$

- **c)** Let A and B be any two sets prove that; $(A \cap B)^{c} = A^{c} \cup B^{c}$
 - using elements argument method $A = \{0,1,2\}, B = \{a,b\}, C = \{m,n\}$

d) Let

(4 marks)

(2 marks)

(5 marks)

(3 marks)

 $C \times (A \times B)$ Find e) Prove by mathematical induction that for every positive integer, n (5 marks) $1 + 3 + 5 + \ldots + (2n - 1) = n^2$ $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x^2 + 1}$ $f: \mathfrak{R} \to R$ **f)** Find the range of defined by (3 marks) g) Let P(m, n) be "n is greater than or equal to m" where the universe of discourse is the set of non- $\exists n \forall m P(m,n)$ $\forall m \exists n Pm(,n)$ negative integers. What is the truth value of justify your answers and (4 marks) $(\sim p \lor q) \lor (p \land \sim q)$ is a tautology, a contingency or absurdity **h)** Determine whether the statement (2 marks) " $f \circ g$ " " $g \circ f$ " $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ i) Find (2 marks) **Question Two** $(p \lor q) \to r \equiv (p \to r) \land (q \to r)$ a) Show that (6 marks) $6 - 7\sqrt{2}$ is irrational **b)** Prove by contradiction that (4 marks) **c)** State the converse, inverse the contra positive of the proposition. "If Sara plays her guitar, then Jack will sing" (3 marks) **d)** Use truth table to determine whether the given argument form is valid or invalid (5 marks) $p \wedge q$ $p \lor q$ $p \rightarrow r$ ∴ r $f: z \to z$ $f(n) = n^2; \forall n \in z$ if one to one? e) Define (2 marks) **Question Three** $nA(\cup B)^{\sub} = 30$ a) Let A and B be the subsets of U with u(U) = 150, n(A) = 80, n(B) = 55 and Find $n(A \cap B)$

(4 marks)

$$R = \{(a, b) \in A \times B : a < b\}$$
(i) Find the ordered pairs in R
(ii) Find domain and range of R
c) Construct truth table for the following compound statement
$$p \rightarrow q \leftrightarrow p \wedge q$$

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b) Find the power set of the set

 $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$

 $n \ge 1$

c) Prove the following using membership table

		$f:\mathfrak{R}\to\mathfrak{R}$	
d)	Let		defined as

(i) Determine whether f is one-to-one and onto

a) Prove by mathematical induction is divisible by 3 for any

 $f(x) = x^3 + 5$

 $5^{n} - 2^{n}$

(ii) Find the formula that defines the inverse function f⁻¹ (2 marks)

Question Four

- $f: \Re \to (1,\infty)$ $f(x) = 10^{2x} + 1$ $g(x) = \frac{1}{2} \log_{10}(x-1)$ and and b) Show that the functions are inverses of each other. (7 marks)
- c) Let a relation A on the set of real numbers R be defined as follows: $\forall a, b \in \Re \ aAb \Leftrightarrow a < b$

Determine whether A is relative, symmetric or transitive (3 marks)

d) Write the converse, inverse and contra positive of the following statements: $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$

Question Five

 $f, g: \mathfrak{R} \to \mathfrak{R}$ be defined by f(x) = 2x - 3 and $g(x) = \frac{x+1}{5}$ a) Let f^{-1} (i) Find and g^{-1} (2 marks) $(fog)^{-1} = g^{-1}of^{-1}$ (ii) (5 marks)

- A = (1,2,3) $B = \{1,2,3,4\}$ and define a binary relation R from A to B as follows b) Let
 - (2 marks) (2 marks) (3 marks) (3 marks)

(3 marks)

(6 marks)

(7 marks)

(5 marks)

(3 marks)

d) Prove the following statement by contraposition "For all integers m and n, if m + n is even, the m and n are both even or m and n are both odd" (3 marks)

$$9n^2 + 3n - 2$$
 is even

e) Prove that

(3 marks)