

# TECHNICAL UNIVERISTY OF MOMBASA

# Faculty of Engineering & Technology

### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE IN:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (BSIT12S J-FT)

**BIT 2203: ADVANCED PROGRAMMING** 

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: DECEMBER 2014
TIME: 2 HOURS

### **Instructions to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question **ONE** (**Compulsory**) and any other **TWO** questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

# **Question One (Compulsory)**

a) Describe any THREE programming paradigms

(6 marks)

- **b)** Distinguish between the following:
  - (i) Problem domain and solution domain
  - (ii) Bottom up and top down approaches

(8 marks)

c) Develop a Java class called Book with the following members:

Data members: Title, Author, Publisher

### **Question Two**

- **a)** Explain the term "Modularity" (2 marks)
- **b)** Explain TWO ways of implementing modularity in Java (6 marks)
- c) Using a suitable example show how you can implement modularity with one of the ways in (2b) above. (12 marks)

### **Question Three**

- a) Explain the term design pattern as used in programming. (2 marks)
- b) State the main categories of design patterns (3 marks)
- c) Briefly describe any FIVE types of design patterns (15 marks)

## **Question Four**

- a) Explain the term "generic type" as used in programming. (2 marks)
- **b)** Explain any FOUR types of generic classes in java (8 marks)
- c) Develop a generic java class called students with the following features:
   Data Members: Name, ID, Contact each of different generic type
   Method Members: Setters and Constructor

  (10 marks)

### **Question Five**

- a) Explain any FOUR approaches used in problem solving. (8 marks)
- b) Consider the class below:

```
Public class patient < T, S, U>
{
   Private T name;
   Private S id;
   Private U Contact;
   Public (T, n, S, d, U, c)
   {
    this.name = u;
   this.id = id;
   this.contact = C;
   }
   Public T getName ()
   {
    return Name;
   }
   Public S get id ()
   {
   return id;
   }
   Public U get contact ()
```

```
{
return contact
}
```

Write an executable program called Patient Test that creates three instances of patients (JANE, 1, NRB); (TED, 2 MSA); (ANN, 3, ELD)

The program should display their names in ascending order

**(12 marks)**