

# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA Faculty of Engineering \& <br> <br> Technology 

 <br> <br> Technology}

# DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING <br> DIPLOMA IN BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING (DBCE 11) DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (DC 11) 

EBC 2309: HYDRAULICS

## SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

SERIES: OCTOBER 2013
TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consists of FIVE questions.
Answer any THREE questions
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown
This paper consists of THREE printed pages
Question One
a) The open channel in figure 1 is discharging water at a rate of $42.5 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{s}$. If Chezy's $\mathrm{C}=49$, determine the slope of the channel

## Figure 1

b) Define the following types of flow:
(i) turbulent
(ii) laminar
(iii) non uniform
(iv) uniform

## Question Two

a) Water is flowing through the channel shown in figure 2 at a rate of $0.55 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. If the bed slope is 1:2500, determine the value of Chezy's C
(10 marks)
0.3 m
b) A rectangular channel is to be designed to convey water at a rate of $50 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. If Chezy's $\mathrm{C}=50$, and the bed slope is $1: 1000$, determine the best dimensions of the channel.
(10 marks)

## Question Three

a) A concrete lined channel 3 m diameter has a slope of $1: 500$. If Chezy's $C=50$. Determine:
(i) Maximum velocity
(ii) Maximum discharge
b) A rectangular channel is to be designed to convey water at a rate of $50 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. If Chezy's $\mathrm{C}=50$, and the bed slope is $1: 1000$, determine the best dimensions of the channel.
(10 marks)

## Question Four

c) A channel of rectangular section 2 m wide is discharging water at a rate of $3 \mathrm{~m} 3 / \mathrm{s}$ with an average velocity of $1.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Determine:
(iii) The normal depth
(iv) Specific energy of flowing liquid
(v) The critical depth
(vi) The critical velocity
(10 marks)
d) A venture flume is 0.65 m at the entrance and 0.33 m at the throat. The depths at the entrance and throat are 0.65 m and 0.6 m respectively. Neglecting hydraulic losses in the flume determine the discharge
(6 marks)
e) Write the expression for calculating Froude's number and state its values for subcritical, critical and supercritical flow
(4 marks)

## Question Five

a) Define the following hydraulic machines:
(i) Compressor
(ii) Pump
(iii) Turbine
b) State TWO functions of an air vessel when fitted on the delivery side of a reciprocating pump
(4 marks)
c) With the aid of a sketch, briefly describe the operating principle of a single acting reciprocating pump

