



**TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**  
**Faculty of Applied & Health**  
**Sciences**

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

**PRECERTIFICATE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (PCIT 13S)**

APS 1053: FUNDAMENTALS OF PHYSICS

**END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

SERIES: DECEMBER 2013

**TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

### Question One (Compulsory)

- a) Describe FOUR factors that affect resistance of a conductor **(8 marks)**
- b) State the following:  
(i) Kirchhoff's Law on current (KLC)  
(ii) Kirchhoff's Law on voltage (KLC) **(4 marks)**
- c) Define the following terms stating their SI units:  
(i) Charge  
(ii) Electromotive force  
(iii) Capacitance  
(iv) Resistivity **(4 marks)**
- d) (i) Calculate the resistivity of a wire length 40cm and cross-section area of  $0.08\text{m}^2$  and resistance of  $1.5\ \Omega$  **(2 marks)**
- (ii) Calculate the resistance of a copper wire of 240m with a cross-section area of  $1.5\text{mm}^2$  ( $\rho$  for copper =  $0.0175 \times 10^{-6}\ \Omega$ ) **(2 marks)**

### Question Two

- a) Explain the following:  
(i) Rectification **(2 marks)**  
(ii) Voltage regulation **(2 marks)**
- b) With the aid of symbolic diagrams, explain the following with regard to diodes.  
(i) Forward biasing  
(ii) Reverse biasing **(4 marks)**
- c) Three capacitors of  $470\ \mu\text{F}$ ,  $300\ \mu\text{F}$  and  $150\ \mu\text{F}$  are connected in series and then connected in parallel to a  $100\ \mu\text{F}$  capacitor. The circuit is supplied with 12V.D.C. Determine:  
(i) Total capacitance in the circuit  
(ii) Charge across the circuit  
(iii) Total energy in the circuit **(6 marks)**
- d) (i) Calculate how much current is taken by a bulb whose rate is  $100\ \Omega$  and which is designed for mains supply of 250V. **(2 marks)**
- (ii) With the aid of a symbolic diagrams, describe:  
- Step-up transformer

- Step-down transformer

(4 marks)

### Question Three

- a) Two resistors of  $100\ \Omega$  and  $150\ \Omega$  are connected in series and then connected in parallel to a  $130\ \Omega$  resistor. The circuit is supplied with 9V D.C. Determine:
- (i) Total current in the circuit
  - (ii) Current through  $130\ \Omega$  resistor
  - (iii) Voltage drop across  $150\ \Omega$  resistor
  - (iv) Total power in the circuit (8 marks)
- b) Describe the **THREE** factors that affect the capacitance of a capacitor (6 marks)
- c) With the aid of a circuit diagram, explain the operation of a half wave rectifier circuit. (6 marks)

### Question Four

- a) Explain the following:
- (i) Frequency
  - (ii) Period
  - (iii) Amplitude (6 marks)
- b) A transformer of 8:1 turns ratio is supplied with 110V produces 200W at the output. Calculate:
- (i) Primary current
  - (ii) Secondary current
  - (iii) Secondary voltage (6 marks)
- c) Given the colour codes of the following resistors, determine the value of the resistors and calculate the maximum and minimum values in Kilo-ohm ( $K\ \Omega$ )
- (i) Green, Yellow, Green
  - (ii) Blue, Black, Red, Silver
  - (iii) Red Blue, Yellow, Red
  - (iv) Red, Red, Green, Gold (8 marks)

### Question Five

- a) Using graphical illustration, state and explain the Ohm's Law (4 marks)

- b)** Using symbols differentiate between P-N-P and N-P-N transistors **(4 marks)**
- c)** Explain FOUR energy losses in transformers and how they are minimized **(8 marks)**
- d)** With the aid of a circuit diagram, explain TWO applications of bipolar transistor **(4 marks)**