

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering and Technology

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN MARINE ENGINEERING (DMAE)

EMR 2212 APPLIED MECHANICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS YEAR 2 SEMESTER 2 SERIES: DECEMBER, 2013 TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. You should have the following for this examination:
 - Answer Booklet
 - Non-programmable Scientific Calculator
- 2. This paper consists of **FIVE** Questions.
- 3. Answer Question **ONE (Compulsory)**, **ONE** Question from Section **B** and **ONE** Question from Section **C**.
- 4. This paper consists of THREE printed pages. SECTION A : (Compulsory)

Question ONE

(a) With reference to Torsion of round bars prove that the simple torsion equation can be given by:

$$\frac{\tau}{r} = \frac{T}{J} = \frac{G\theta}{L}$$
(Symbols retain their usual meaning) (10 marks)

- (b) A cash iron pulley is 200mm wide and 25mm thick with a mean diameter of 2m. Considering the pulley as a thin king, calculate:
 - (i) The moment of Inertia of the ring
 (ii) The torque required to produce speed of 5revs/sec in 15secs. Take density of cast iron as 7.2Mg/m³

(10 marks)

SECTION B : (Answer only **ONE** Question)

Question TWO

A body of weight 500N is lying on a rough plane inclined at angle of 25° with the horizontal. It is supported by an effort P parallel to the plane as shown in the figure below:

Calculate the maximum and minimum values of P for which the equilibrium can exist, if the angle of friction is 20°.

NB: Derive any formula used.



(20 marks)

Question THREE

Two motor boats MV Safina and MV Likizo on parallel lines. MV Safina starts with a uniform acceleration of 0.2m/sec and attains a speed of 24.3KNOTS, which is maintained constant afterwards. MV Likizo leaves 1 minute after with a uniform acceleration of 0.4m/sec to attain a maximum speed of 38.9KNOTS which is maintained constant afterwards. Calculate when MV Likizo will overtake MV Safina 5 at the same point. Take 1KNOT = 1.852km/hr. (20 marks)

Question FOUR

(a) A hollow bar has an external diameter 'D' and an internal diameter 'd' such that D = 2d. For the bar show that the strain energy stored per unit volume due to torsion can be given by:

$$U = \frac{5\tau^2}{16G} (J/m^3)$$
(10 marks)

- (b) The hallow bar in (a) above is transmitting 4.5mw at 110rev/min given that the maximum shear stress must not exceed 70mN/m². Determine:
 - (i) The diameters 'D' and 'd'
 - (ii) The strain energy per un H volume

(10 marks)

Question FIVE

- (a) State the Castigilianos' theorem as applied in strain energy methods. (2 marks)
- (b) A load of 2.5KN slides freely on a vertical bar of 12 mm dia the bar is fixed at it's upper end and provided with a stop at the other end to prevent the load from falling off. When the load rests on the stop the bar extends by 0.1mm. Determines:
 - (i) The instantaneous stress ' Θ ' set up in the bar if the load is lifted and allowed to drop through 12mm on to the stop.
 - (ii) The resulting expansion in (i) above.

(18 marks)