

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Business & Social Studies

DEPARTMENT OF HOSPITALITY & TOURISM

DIPLOMA IN TOURISM MANAGEMENT (DTM M12)

BHT 2108: GEOGRAPHY OF EAST AFRICA

SUPPLEMENTARY/SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS

SERIES: FEBRUARY 2013

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

- This paper consists of TWO Sections A and B.
- Section A is Compulsory. Answer ALL questions.
- Answer any TWO questions in Section B.
- This paper consists of Three printed pages.

SECTION A (Compulsory) 30 Marks

QUESTION 1

- a) Name **FOUR** plateaus found in Kenya. (4 marks)
- b) Outline FIVE causes of climate change.

(5 marks) (5 marks)

- c) State the significance of coastal landforms to tourism development in East Africa.
- d) Explain what you understand by the following terms as used in Geography:
 - i) Landforms
 - ii) Coast
 - iii) Isostacy
 - iv) Precipitation

v) Vulcanicity

(10 marks)

- e) Name **TWO** geographical features of touristic importance found in the following regions in Kenya:
 - i) Rift valley (2 marks)
 - ii) Western (2 marks)
 - iii) Central (2 marks)

SECTION B (Answer any TWO questions) 40 Marks

QUESTION 2

a) Explain why the Nyika Plateau in Kenya is a significant tourism region.

(15 marks)

b) Name the layers of the internal structure of the earth, from the outermost to the innermost layers.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

With the aid of diagrams explain how each of the following features are formed:

a) Volcanic crater

(10 marks)

b) Riftvalley (10 marks)

QUESTION 4

- a) Explain how climate change is likely to impact on tourism activities and tourism development in the East Africa region. (10 marks)
- b) Describe any FIVE exogenetic landforming processes and name one features resulting from each of the processes. (10 marks)

QUESTION 5

- a) Explain the reasons why most of the large conservation areas in East Africa are found in arid and semi-arid areas. (10 marks)
- b) Explain the difference between landbreeze and sea breeze.

(10 marks)