



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

School of Engineering and Technology

Department of Mechanical and Automotive Engineering

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering

EMC 4428: CONTROL ENGINEERING

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: MARCH 2025 EXAM

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: Pick Date Select Month Pick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **five** Questions; Question ONE is compulsory. In addition attempt any TWO Questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

Question ONE

- State any two differences between the open loop and the closed loop control systems (2 marks)
- With the block diagram, illustrate the control of a car by the driver and identify the components of this closed-loop system (5 marks)
- Discuss the concept of negative feedback closed-loop system and derive its transfer function. (5 marks)
- A simple open-loop speed control system consists of an electronic amplifier and a motor. The block diagram is shown in Figure Q1 (c) where V_i is the input demand signal. The transfer function, A , for the amplifier is 10 V/V , and that for the motor, M , is 12 (rad/s)/V . Determine the system transfer function, and hence calculate the demand signal required to produce an output speed of 120 rad/s . (3 marks)

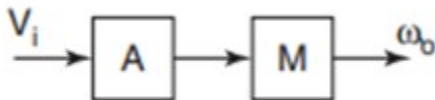


Figure Q 1(c)

- The control system in Q1 (c) is converted to a closed-loop system, by the inclusion of a tachogenerator. The transfer function for the tachogenerator, T , is 0.1 V/(rad/s) . Sketch the system block diagram, and hence determine the system transfer function, and the input voltage now required to produce an output speed of 120 rad/s . (5 marks)
- Obtain the signal flow graph for the block diagram of figure Q1 (f) and hence derive the closed-loop transfer function by using Mason's rule. (10 marks)

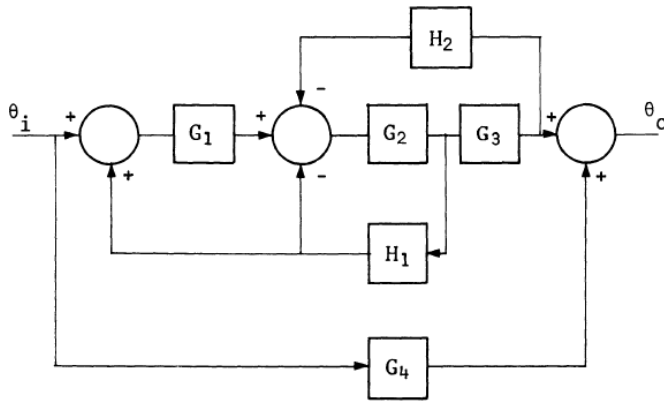


Figure Q1 (f)

Question TWO

- (a) Explain the relationship between current and voltage across different ideal elements present in the electrical systems. (3 marks)
- (b) State the basic laws used for modeling mechanical systems (2 marks)
- (c) State what is meant by free body diagram of a mechanical system (2 marks)
- (d) Consider the mechanical system shown in Figure Q 2 (d). Assume that the system is linear. The external force $u(t)$ is the input to the system, and the displacement $y(t)$ of the mass is the output. The displacement $y(t)$ is measured from the equilibrium position in the absence of the external force. Derive the transfer function relating the displacement $y(t)$ to the input force $u(t)$ (3 marks)

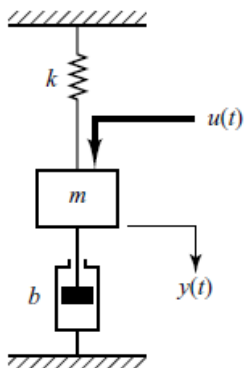


Figure Q 2(d)

- (e) For an RLC circuit series network of Figure Q 2(e), the output is taken across the capacitor. Show that the transfer function is given as

$$G(s) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2} \quad \text{where the undamped natural frequency } \omega_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} \text{ and the damping coefficient}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{R}{2} \sqrt{\frac{C}{L}}$$

(10 marks)

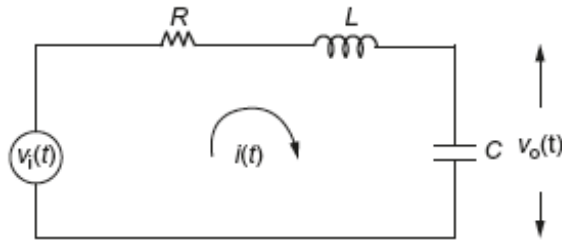


Figure Q 2(e)

Question THREE

- (a) State what is meant by time response of a system and what are its components (2 marks)
- (b) Define the following standard tests signals used for time-domain studies:
- impulse signal and unit-impulse signal
 - step signal and unit-step signal
 - ramp signal and unit-ramp signal and
 - parabolic signal

(4 marks)

- (c) Derive the response of a first-order system subjected to a unit-step input function (5 marks)

- (d) The open-loop transfer function of a closed-loop system with unity feedback is given as:

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s(0.1s+1)}$$

Evaluate the static error constants and estimate the steady-state errors for step, ramp and acceleration inputs (9 marks)

Question FOUR.

- (a) State any two advantages and two disadvantages of frequency response analysis (4 marks)
- (b) Construct a Routh table for the following polynomial and state the number of poles in each half plane and hence comment on the overall stability of the system (6 marks)

$$P(s) = 3s^7 + 9s^6 + 6s^5 + 4s^4 + 7s^3 + 8s^2 + 2s + 6$$

- (c) Determine the phase crossover frequency, gain crossover frequency, gain margin and phase margin for the given

system with $H(s) = 1$ and $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+0.5)}$ without plotting the Bode plot. Also comment on the stability of the system. (10 marks)

Question FIVE.

- (a) Distinguish between absolute stability and relative stability (2 marks)
- (b) Define dominant poles and zeros (2 marks)
- (c) Determine graphically on a polar curve, the gain margin and phase margin and gain and phase crossover frequencies for the system whose open-loop transfer function is given as

$$G(s) = \frac{8}{(s+1)(s+4)}$$

(10 marks)

- (d) State what is meant by a compensating network in a system. (2 marks)
- (e) The input and output of a PID controller is related by the equation

$$Q(t) = 2Xe + 0.5 \int Xe dt + 4 \frac{dXe}{dt}$$

Find the value of the proportional gain, the integral time constant and the differential time constant.

(4 marks)

