



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA
Faculty of Engineering and Technology
 DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL ENGINEERING
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:
 BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MEDICAL ENGINEERING
 EEE 4333 ELECTROMAGNETICS
 END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SERIES: NOVEMBER 2025
TIME: 2 HOURS
DATE: November 2025

Instructions to Candidates

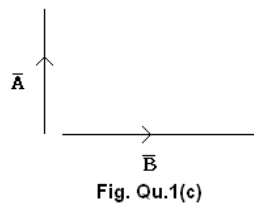
You should have the following for this examination
Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt **Question ONE** and **ANY** other **TWO** questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

Question ONE

- (a) With reference to electric circuits distinguish between lumped circuit and distributed circuit models. (6 marks)
- (b) Point charges $Q_1 = 10 \mu C$ and $Q_2 = 5 \mu C$ are located at $(2, 2, 0)m$ and $(5, 7, 0)m$ respectively. Determine the
 (i) Force on charge $Q_3 = 100 \mu C$ at $(7, 3, 0)m$ (ii) Electric field at $(7, 3, 0)m$ (12 marks)
- (c) (i) Define the terms dot and cross products (ii) Determine the dot and cross product of the the vectors in Fig. Qu.1(c) (4 marks)



- d) A 600 MHz uniform plane wave is travelling in the following medium: Mylar ($\epsilon_r = 5$ and $\mu_r = 1$). Determine the:
 (i) Phase constant β (ii) Intrinsic impedance η
 (iii) Phase velocity of propagation v (iv) wavelength λ (8 marks)

Question TWO

- (a) With reference to electric fields define the following parameters giving their units.
- (i) $\bar{E}$ (ii) $\bar{D}$ (iii) ϵ_0 (iv) ϵ_r (4 marks)
- (b) Determine the charge contained on the surface charge distribution
- $$P_s = 8 \times 10^{-4} r \text{ C/m}^2 \text{ in a surface defined by } 0 \leq r \leq 3; \quad 0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}; \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}; \quad (13 \text{ marks})$$
- (c) Compare the conduction and displacement currents in a copper conductor at a frequency of 300 MHz. Assume the conductivity of copper is $5.8 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$ and the permittivity of copper is that of free space. (3 marks)

Question THREE

- (a) (i) The electric field strength of air is $3 \times 10^6 \text{ V/m}$. Explain the practical meaning of this statement.
- (ii) Determine the largest charge a 10 cm radius metal sphere can hold if sparking is not to occur. (7 marks)
- (b) Determine using Gauss' law, the electric field due to a sphere of charge of radius a for $r < a$ where the charge is uniformly distributed throughout the sphere volume with volume charge distribution $P_v \text{ C/m}^3$ (7 marks)
- (c) State the Poynting theorem describing all the four elements of the equation. (6 marks)

Question FOUR

- (a) (i) Define mathematically and in words Faraday's law in integral form
- (ii) Determine the voltage V in the circuit of Fig. Qu.4(a) using appropriate sketches (10 marks)
- (b) Fig. Qu. 4(b) shows a straight wire of radius a metal tube with inner radius b (30 cm) and outer radius c .

The tube carries a current I_1 (5 A) in a direction opposite to that in the wire. Determine, justifying any assumptions: (i) H for $a \leq r \leq b$ (ii) H for $r > b$

Comment on the usefulness of such a cable. (10 marks)

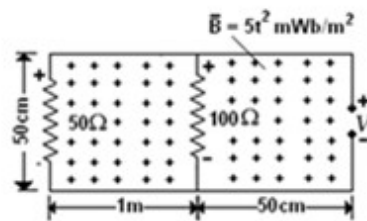


Fig. Qu.4(a)

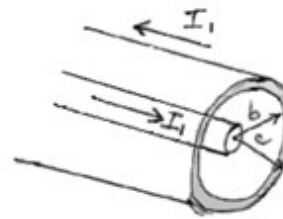


Fig. Qu.4(b)

Question FIVE

- (a) State Ampere's law in integral form and explain its significance. (3 marks)
- (b) Determine whether the following fields in free space satisfy Ampere's law

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\beta E_m}{\omega} \cos(\omega t - \beta z) \hat{a}_y \quad \vec{E} = E_m \cos(\omega t - \beta z) \hat{a}_z \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- (c) With reference to Fig.Qu.5(b), medium 1 has $\mu_{r1}=16, \epsilon_{r1}=4$ and medium 2 has $\mu_{r2}=1, \epsilon_{r2}=9$. Write the time-domain expressions for all the fields in these two media if the reflected field is

$$E^r = 20 \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{4\pi}{3} z\right) \hat{a}_x$$

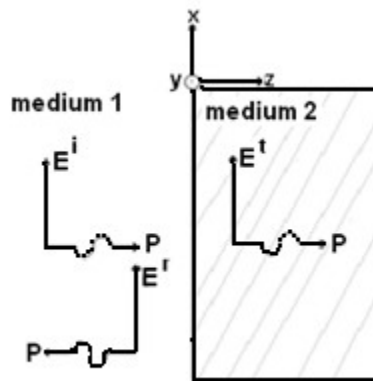


Fig. Qu. 5(b)

- (d) Determine the (i) Average (ii) Reflected (iii) transmitted power density of the plane wave and show that energy is conserved across the boundary interface.