



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
Department of BUILDING & Civil engineering
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN CIVIL ENGINEERING
TCV4212: SOIL MECHANICS I
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS
SERIES: AUGUST, 2024
TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE:

1. You should have the following for this examination:
 - **Answer booklet.**
 - **Mathematical Table/Pocket Calculator.**
 2. This paper consists of **FOUR** questions.
 3. Answer question **ONE (Compulsory)** and any other **TWO** questions.
 4. This paper consists of **FIVE** printed pages.
 5. **Do not write on the question paper.**
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Question ONE: Soil Physics:

- (a) The expression below is used in calculations of unit weights of soils:

$$\gamma_b = \left(\frac{G_s + e S_r}{1 + e} \right) \gamma_w$$

Where γ_b = bulk unit weight, γ_w = unit weight of water, G_s = specific gravity of the soil grains and e = void ratio. Derive the expression from the basic principles.

(10 marks)

- (b) A soil sample in its natural state has a mass of 2.29 kg and a volume of $1.15 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$. In an oven dried state, the dry mass of the sample is 2.035 kg and the specific gravity G_s of the solids is 2.68.
Determine:

- (i) The bulk density,
- (ii) The bulk unit weight,
- (iii) Water content,
- (iv) The dry unit weight,
- (v) Void ratio,
- (vi) Saturated unit weight,
- (vii) Sub-merged unit weight,
- (viii) Porosity,
- (ix) Degree of saturation,
- (x) Air voids ratio.

(20 marks)

Question TWO: Soil Classification

Determine the plasticity index of a soil from the following test data:

Liquid limit test:

Table 2.1: Cone penetrometer test results

Cone penetration (mm)	15.	17.3	19.	22.4	23.9
	5		6		
Moisture content (%)	47	51	56	63	66

Plastic limit test:

Table 2.2: Results

Test number	1	2
Mass of moisture (g)	1.52	1.67
Mass of dry soil threads (g)	4.61	4.77

(20 marks)

Question THREE: Soil Compaction

A standard compaction test was carried out in a mould of volume 0.001 m^3 .

Test results are tabulated below:

Table 3.1: Results of compaction test

Moisture content (%)	12.8	14.5	15.6	16.8	19.2
Mass of wet soil and mould (g)	2010	2092	2114	2100	2055

Specific gravity of solids $G_s = 2.67$

Determine the:

- (a) Maximum dry density,
- (b) Optimum moisture content,
- (c) Saturation line
- (d) 5% air voids lines,
- (e) Air content at maximum dry density.

Hint:

Moisture content		%					
		Decimal (w)					
Mass of soil (g)							
Bulk density $\rho_b = \frac{\text{mass of soil}}{\text{vol. of mould}}$ (kg/m ³)							
Dry density (kg/m ³)	$\rho_d = \frac{\rho_b}{1+w}$						
	$\rho_d = \frac{G_s(1-A_r)}{1+w G_s} \rho_w$	For saturation line, $A_r = 0$					
		For 5% air voids, $A_r = 0.05$					

(20 marks)

Question FOUR: Permeability in Soils

- (a) In a constant head permeameter test the following results were obtained:

Duration of test (t) -----4.0 minutes,
 Quantity of water collected (q) -----300 ml,
 Head difference in manometer (h) ----- 50 mm,
 Distance between manometer tappings (l) -----100 mm,
 Diameter of test sample ----- 100 mm.
 Determine the coefficient of permeability k(mm/s).

(10 marks)

- (b) A field test to determine the coefficient of permeability was carried out. Results were:

Pumping out rate from central well (q)-----7.5 m³/day,

Water table height above bedrock during pumping:

(i) At observation well, 15 m (r_1) from the central casing Z_1 , -----5.5 m,

(ii) At observation well, 30 m (r_2) from the central casing, Z_2 -----6.5 m.

If the soil stratum was unconfined, calculate the coefficient of permeability (m/day).

(10 marks)

