



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING
EMC 4222: SOLID AND STRUCTURAL MECHANICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: AUGUST 2024

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **five** questions.

Attempt question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) 30 Marks

- a) Using well illustrated diagrams briefly explain the tensile test using a steel rod and detail the expected stress-strain graph with key areas of what is occurring during the test.

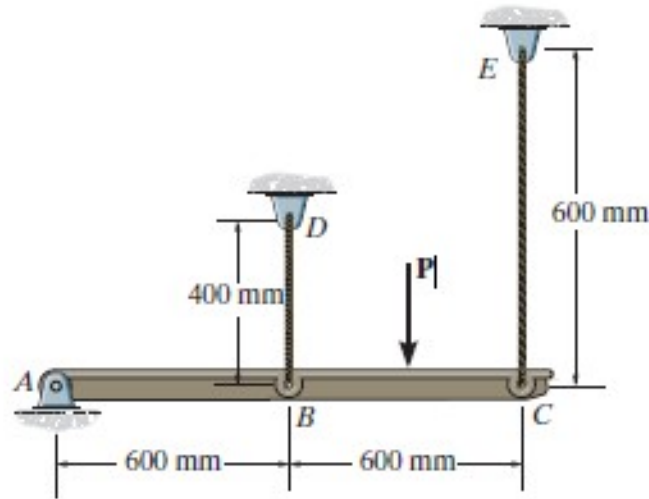
(8 marks)

- b) Define the following terms as used in structural mechanics

- i. Ductile Material
- ii. Brittle Material
- iii. Resilience
- iv. Proof Stress
- v. Poisson's ratio
- vi. Young's modulus

(3 marks)

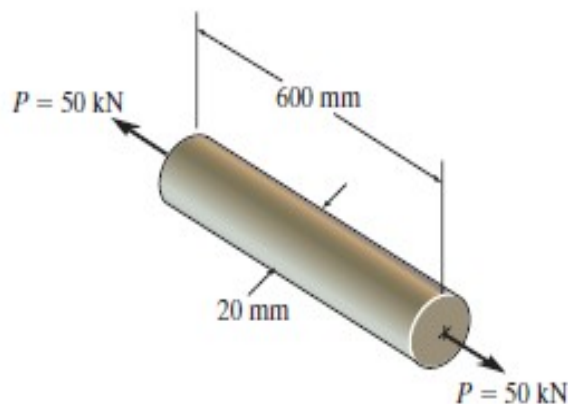
- c) A force P is applied to member ABC which creates a clockwise rotation about pin A through an angle of 0.02° , determine the normal strain and stress developed in steel rod BD and CE . ($E=200$ GPa).



(9 Marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a) A solid circular rod that is 600 mm long and 20 mm in diameter is subjected to an axial force of the elongation of the rod is $\delta = 1.40$ mm and its diameter becomes $d' = 19.9837$ mm. Determine the modulus of elasticity and the modulus of rigidity of the material. Assume that the material does not yield.



(10 marks)

- b) A spherical gas tank has an inner radius of $r = 1.5\text{m}$. If it is subjected to an internal pressure of $p = 300\text{ kPa}$ determine its required thickness if the maximum normal stress is not to exceed 12 MPa .

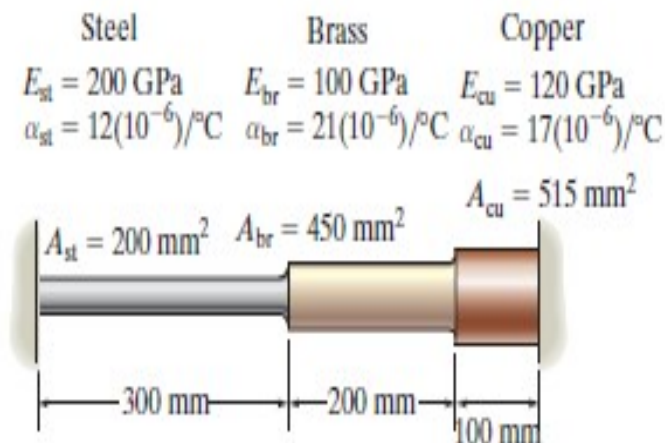
(7 marks)

- c) Explain the differences of a load-extension graph vs a stress-strain graph and key reason why stress-strain is preferred.

(3 Marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a) Three bars each made of different materials are connected and placed between two walls when the temperature is $T_1 = 20^\circ$. Determine the force exerted on the (rigid) supports when the temperature becomes $T_2 = 30^\circ$. The material properties and cross-sectional area of each bar are given in the figure.



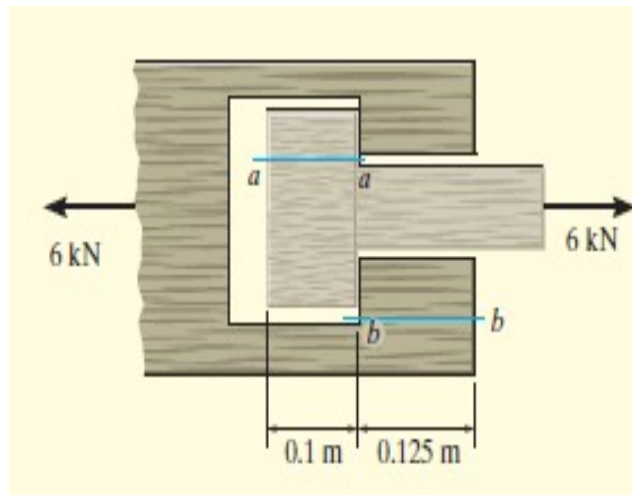
(13 marks)

- b) A bar of cross section $8\text{ mm} \times 8\text{ mm}$ is subjected to an axial pull of 7000 N . the lateral dimensions of the bar found to be changed to $7.9985 \times 7.9985\text{ mm}$. if the modulus of rigidity of the material is $0.8 \times 10^5\text{ N/mm}^2$, determine the Poisson's ratio and modulus of elasticity

(7 marks)

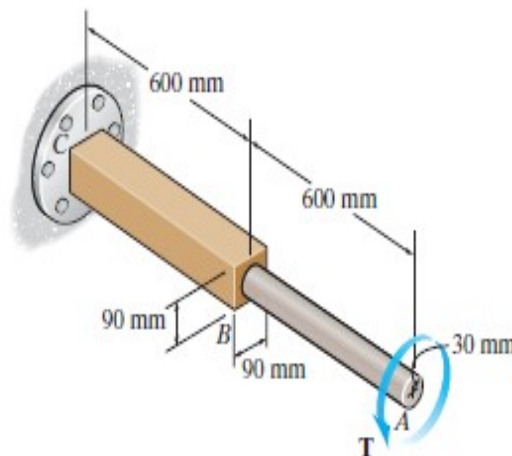
QUESTION FOUR

- a) If the wood joint in the figure below has a width of 150 mm, determine the average shear stress developed along shear planes $a-a$ and $b-b$. For each plane, represent the state of stress on an element of the material.



(4 marks)

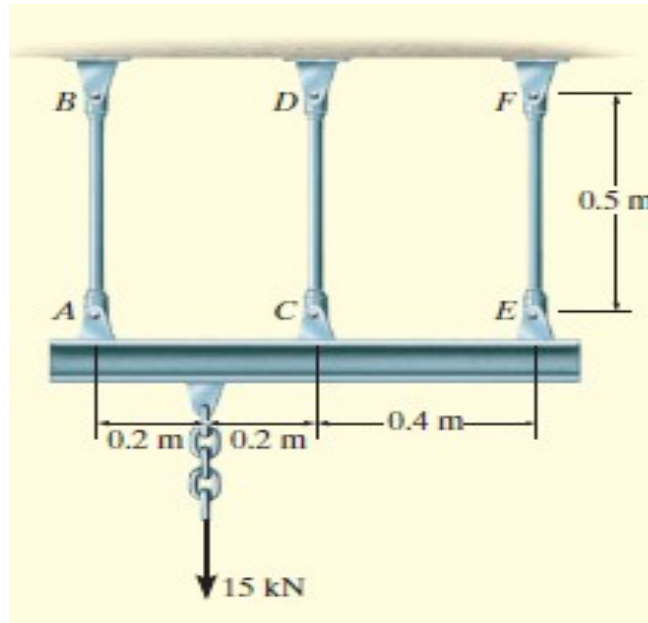
- b) Segments AB and BC of the shaft have circular and square cross sections, respectively. The shaft is made from A-36 steel with an allowable shear stress of $\tau_{\text{allowable}} = 75 \text{ MPa}$, and an angle of twist at end A which is not allowed to exceed 0.02 rad . Determine the maximum allowable torque T that can be applied at end A . The shaft is fixed at C .



(15 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

The three A-36 steel bars shown in the figure below *are* pin connected to a *rigid* member. If the applied load on the member is 15 kN, determine the force developed in each bar. (Bars *AB* and *EF* each have a cross-sectional area of 30 mm^2 and bar *CD* has a cross-sectional area of 10 mm^2)



(20 marks)

END OF PAPER