

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering and Technology

DEPARTMENT BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

ECE 2307: THEORY OF STRUCTURES III

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS SERIES: APRIL 2014 TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

- You should have the following for this examination:
 - Scientific calculator
 - Answer booklet
- Answer question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO.

This paper consists of Three printed pages

QUESTION 1 (Compulsory)

A continuous beam ABCD, 20 m long is simply supported at its ends and is propped at the same level at points B and C as shown in Fig. Q.1 under the loading arrangement shown the support B sinks by 10mm Take

 $E = 2.1 x 10^8 KN / m^2$ $I = 85 x 10^{-7} m^4$

- a) Analyse the beam. (22 marks)
- b) Sketch the bending moment diagram.

QUESTION 2

(8 marks)

Refer to the two dimensional framed structure shown in Fig. Q2 which is fixed at all ends A, C, D and determine using the moment distribution method:

a)	The fixed end moments.	(5 marks)
b)	The distribution factors	(3 ½ marks)
c)	The moment distribution table	(6 ½ marks)
d)	The bending moment diagram	(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

A continuous beam ABC is fixed at end A and simply supported at the other end C. The beam has a total length of 14.0m and is loaded as shown in Fig. Q.3 Apply the theorem of three moments to determine the following:

a)	Moments along the beam.	(9 marks)
b)	Support reactions.	(4 marks)
c)	Bending moment diagram.	(4 marks)
d)	Shear force diagram.	(3 marks)

QUESTION 4

a) Analyse the continuous beam loaded as shown in Fig. Q4 by the slope deflection method.

(10 marks)

b)	Using the values obtained from above question sketch:	
	i) The bending moment diagram.	(4 marks)
	ii) The shear force diagram.	(5 marks)

QUESTION 5

A continuous beam ABCD is supported and loaded as shown in Fig. 5 using method of consistent deformations and determine the reactions. Assuming EI is the same for e ach span. Determine the flexibility coefficients required for analyzing the beam.