



**TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

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FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES  
DEPARTMENT OF PURE & APPLIED SCIENCES

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**  
DIPLOMA IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY  
ACH 2I07: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

**ORDINARY EXAMINATION**

**SERIES:** December 2024.

**TIME:** 2 HOURS

**DATE:** Pick Date December 2024.

**Instructions to Candidates**

1. You should have the following for this examination

*-Answer Booklet, examination pass, scientific non-programmable calculator and student ID*

2. This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt all questions in **QUESTION ONE** and any other **TWO** questions.

**3. Do not write on the question paper.**

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**QUESTION ONE - (30 MARKS)**

a) Define the following terms;

- |                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| (i) Hybridization    | (2 marks) |
| (ii) Hydrocarbon     | (1 mark)  |
| (iii) Catenation     | (1 mark)  |
| (iv) Tertiary carbon | (1 mark)  |
| (v) Carbanion        | (1 mark)  |
| (vi) Carbocation     | (1 mark)  |

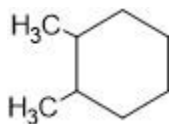
(vii) Nucleophile

(1 mark)

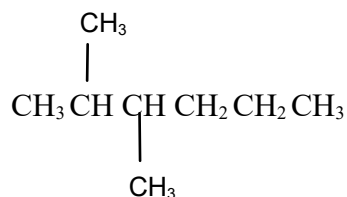
b) Give the IUPAC names of the following compounds;

(8 marks)

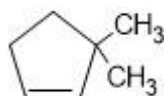
i.



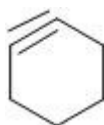
ii.



iii.



iv.



c) Caffeine has an elemental analysis of 49.48% carbon, 5.190% hydrogen, 16.47% oxygen and 28.85% nitrogen. It has a molar mass of 194.19 g/mol. Determine the molecular formula of caffeine. (C = 12.0, H = 1.0, O = 16, N = 14) **(10 Marks)**

d) Indicate the functional group of the following compounds. **(4marks)**

(iii) Alkynes. (iv) Alkenes. (v) Ketones. (iv) Aldehydes.

### Question two (15 marks)

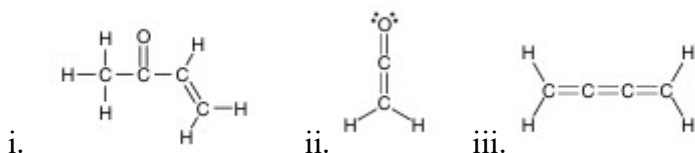
a) By use of barbed arrows (fish hook arrows) to show the flow of an electron, describe the mechanism for the monobromination of ethane. Name each step involved in the mechanism. **(10 marks)**

b) Define the term functional group. **(2 marks)**

- c) Show the polarity of the C-O, C-N and C-Cl in the following molecules: **(3 marks)**  
 (i)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$     (ii)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$     (iii)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$

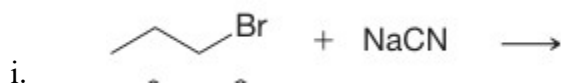
**Question three (15 marks)**

- a. Using the idea of hybridization, illustrate the bonding in ethane. **(10 marks)**  
 b. Indicate the type of hybridization for each of the carbon atoms in the following molecules (5 marks)

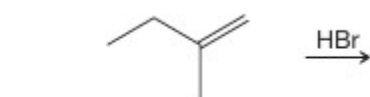


**Question four (15 marks)**

- a) Briefly explain the following observations and where appropriate use chemical equations for clarity;  
 (i) Pentane is a liquid while butane is a gas. **(2 marks)**  
 (ii) Hexane does not dissolve in water while methanol does. **(2 marks)**  
 (iii) Ethane decolorize bromine solution in presence of light while Ethene decolorize the same in absence of sunlight. **(4 marks)**
- b) Give the products of each of the following reactions;



**(2.5 marks)**



**(2.5 marks)**

- c) State Markovnikov's rule **(1 mark)**  
 d) Explain the limitation of Wurtz reaction in the preparation of alkanes. **(1 mark)**

**Question five (15 marks)**

- a. Draw all the constitutional isomers of  $C_4H_{10}O$  and give their systematic (IUPAC) names **(4marks)**
- b. Briefly explain the following intermolecular forces. **(6 marks)**  
**(i)** Dipole – dipole forces **(ii)** Hydrogen bonds **(iii)** London forces
- c. Using Newman's projection draw the conformations of 1,2 dichloromethane **(5 marks)**