

Technical University of Mombasa

Faculty of Applied and Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DIPLOMA IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY (DAC 10M)

ACH 2309 : CHEMICAL ANALYTICAL METHODS III

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY: EXAMINATIONS

SERIES: February 2013

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

You should have the following for this paper

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of *FIVE* questions.

Answer Question **ONE** (compulsory) and any other **TWO** questions

This paper consists of 3 PRINTED pages

Question ONE

a) The following figure represents apparatus used to carry out Vaccum filtration in a laboratory.

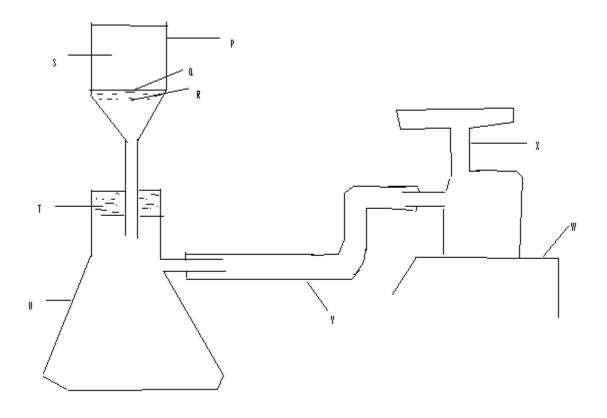


Fig I vacuum filtration apparatus

(i)	State what each of the letters P to W represents	(9marks)
(ii)	Name TWO components of the vacuum system not shown in fig I	(2marks)
(iii)	State ONE advantages of vacuum fitration over ordinary filtration	(1mark)
(iv)	State TWO other uses of vacuum in the laboratory	(2marks)
b) Gravimetry takes different forms e.g. Precipitation gravimetry. State and explain FIVE other		
for	rms of gravimetry	(10marks)
c) (i)	Define the term supersaturated solution	(1mark)
(ii)	Given the equation $R = Q - S$	
	S	
a)	State what each symbol in the equation represents	(3marks)
b)	State where the equation is applicable in chemical analysis	
c)	State the effect of a large value of R.	(1mark)

Question TWO

- a) State the principle on which solvent extraction method is based on (1mark)
- b) State and explain the seven factors considered in selecting a solvent for liquid liquid extraction

(14marks)

Question THREE

- a) State FOUR non chromatographic separation processes which depend on distribution of components between two phases and in each case identify the two phases (12marks)
- b) Name THREE substances that can be used to bring down the temperature of a solid down to desired level in the cooling before weighting (3marks)

Question FOUR

- a) List the five factors that influence the selection of a suitable adsorbent in adsorptiont chromatography (5marks)
- b) You are provided with 20g of organic solid compound X contained in 100cm³ of water. The partition coefficient of X between ether and water = 4 Calculate
 - (i) The amount of X extracted when using (i) 50cm³ of ether in one single extraction.

(3marks)

(ii) 50cm³ of ether in two successive extractions using 25cm³ of ether in each extraction. What conclusion do you draw from the two methods of extraction (7marks)

Question FIVE

a) Nickel can be precipitated with dimethyl glyoxine (DMG) according to the reaction $Ni^{2+} + 2DMG - Ni (DMG)_2 + 2H^+$

If 2.0116g of nickel containing substance dissolved and nickel precipitated as above so that the Ni(DMG)₂ weighed 2.6642g.

Calculate the % weight of nickel in the sample of nickel containing substance.

Mol wt of $Ni(DMG)_2 = 288.92$

Ni = 58.7

b) (i) Define the term desiccant and state its importance in gravimetry
(ii) Give THREE examples of desiccant

c) State FOUR essential characteristics of the liquid used to wash the precipitate

(6marks)
(2marks)
(3marks)