#### **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

#### FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

#### **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**

## DEGREE

## AML 4303 : HISTOLOGY

#### SPECIAL/ SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

## **SERIES:** SEPTEMBER 2018

# TIME: 2 HOURS

#### DATE: Pick Date Sep 2018

#### **Instructions to Candidates**

You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID This paper consists of **TWO** Section(s). Attempt ALL questions. **Circle the correct answer in section A.** 

Section A

- 1. Histology is the study of
  - a. Cells
  - b. Tissues
  - c. Tumours
  - d. Diseases
  - e. Organs
- 2. The following are connective tissue cells except
  - a. Fibroblasts
  - b. Osteoblast
  - c. Myoblasts
  - d. Leukocytes
  - e. Adipocytes

- 3. The cellular organelle that contains digestive enzymes is called
  - a. Endoplasmic reticulum
  - b. Karyosomes
  - c. Lysosome
  - d. Centriole
  - e. Mitochondria
- 4. Cytoplasmic organelles include the following except
  - a. Vacuoles
  - b. Ribosomes
  - c. Endoplasmic reticulum
  - d. Centrioles
  - e. Karyosome
- 5. Which of the following is a component of collagen fibers
  - a. Alpha polypeptidereal
  - b. Extracellular matrix
  - c. Elastin
  - d. Elastic microfibral
  - e. Type III collagen
- 6. The prophase stage of mitotic cell division is characterised by
  - a. Appearance of two daughter cells
  - b. Condensation of chromosomal material
  - c. Disappearance of the spindle
  - d. Replication of DNA and RNA
  - e. Shortening of the spindle fibres
- 7. Simple columnar epithelium is found in which organ
  - a. Kidneys
  - b. Uterus
  - c. Skin
  - d. Small intestines
  - e. Iris
- 8. The human cell is divided into two parts namely
  - a. Nuclear and cell wall
  - b. Nuclear and cytoplasm
  - c. Protoplasm and cytoplasm
  - d. Cell wall and nuclear membrane
  - e. Organelles and ground substance
- 9. Stratified columnar epithelium are found in the
  - a. Mouth
  - b. Skin
  - c. Scalp
  - d. Urethra
  - e. Cornea

- 10. Multicellular glands are usually classified on the bases of the following except
  - a. The shape of their secretory part
  - b. The organ they drain into
  - c. The number of ducts draining the gland
  - d. Their secretory mechanisms
  - e. The secretory product
- 11. The Peyer's patches are located in the
  - a. Stomach
  - b. Rectum
  - c. Small intestines
  - d. Large intestines
  - e. Oesophagus
- 12. Which of the following are produced by Leydig cells?
  - a. Inhibin
  - b. Progesterone
  - c. Testerone
  - d. Oestrogen
  - e. Androgen
- 13. In which of the basic tissue types does blood belong to
  - a. Epithelium
  - b. Blood
  - c. Connective tissue
  - d. Muscle
  - e. Nervous
- 14. What are the localized concentrations of lymphocytes seen in respiratory and gastrointestinal tract
  - a. Diffused lymphatic tissue
  - b. Peyer's patches
  - c. Lymph vessels
  - d. Lymph follicles
  - e. White pulp
- 15. Which organelle contains digestive enzymes
  - a. Ribosomes
  - b. Lysosomes
  - c. Mitochondria
  - d. Centrioles
  - e. Nucleoli
- 16. What is the name of the exocrine portion of the pancreas
  - a. Islets of Langerhans
  - b. Alpha cells
  - c. Delta cells
  - d. Beta cells
  - e. Acini

- 17. Which of the following is the inner layer of the adrenal cortex
  - a. Chromaffin cells
  - b. Zona glomerulosa
  - c. Zona reticularis
  - d. Zona fasciculate
  - e. Parafollicular layer
- 18. What type of gland secrets its products through a duct or tube
  - a. Endocrine gland
  - b. Exocrine gland
  - c. Thyroid gland
  - d. Multicellular gland
  - e. Unicellular gland
- 19. What type of tissue lines the urinary bladder
  - a. Simple squamous epithelium
  - b. Stratified squamous epithelium
  - c. Stratified cuboidal epithelium
  - d. Transitional epithelium
  - e. Simple columnar epithelium
- 20. What type of tissue lines most ducts
  - a. Transitional epithelium
  - b. Simple squamous epithelium
  - c. Simple columnar epithelium
  - d. Stratified squamous epithelium
  - e. Simple cuboidal epithelium
- 21. Which of the following is the largest organ in the body
  - a. Gastrointestinal tract
  - b. Kidney
  - c. Skin
  - d. Uterus
  - e. Brain
- 22. Prickle cells found on the skin are usually on which layer
  - a. Dermis layer
  - b. Intradermal layer
  - c. Epidermis layer
  - d. Epidermal cells
  - e. Semi-dermal layer
- 23. Which of the following statement is true about the adrenal gland
  - a. Also referred to as supra-adrenal gland
  - b. It is found below the kidney
  - c. It is divided into three portions
  - d. The whole gland is surrounded by a connective tissue capsule
  - e. It is one of the muscle tissue of the GIT

- 24. The following cells are found within the pituitary gland except
  - a. Alpha cells
  - b. Beta cells
  - c. Gamma cells
  - d. Nerve cells
  - e. Basophils
- 25. The glandular ducts of the pancreas are line by which type of epithelial tissue cell
  - a. Columnar epithelium
  - b. Cuboidal epithelium
  - c. Squamous epithelium
  - d. Stratified epithelium
  - e. Transitional epithelium
- 26. The mammary gland is made up of how many lobes that are usually separated by connective tissue and adipose tissue
  - a. 30 50 lobes
  - b. 50 -100 lobes
  - c. 15 20 lobes
  - d. 5 10 lobes
  - e. Less than 5 lobes
- 27. The space between the trabeculae of the spleen is filled with lymphatic tissue which is the
  - a. Peyer's patches
  - b. Splenic pulp
  - c. Splenic nodes
  - d. Lymphatic follicles
  - e. Yellow pulp
- 28. The organelle that specializes in digestive and delivery of nutrients to the entire cell is
  - a. Golgi body
  - b. Centrioles
  - c. Glycogen
  - d. Endoplasmic reticulum
  - e. Nucleolus
- 29. The oesophagus consists of the following four layers except
  - a. Mucosa
  - b. Submucosa
  - c. Muscularis externa
  - d. Serosa
  - e. Pylorus
- 30. The smallest particle of living matter that is able to reproduce is called
  - a. Karyosome
  - b. Nucleolus
  - c. Nucleus
  - d. Centriole
  - e. protoplasm

#### Section B

- 31. a) Discuss the functions of the basement membrane (10 marks)
  - b) Discuss the connective tissue of special purpose (10 marks)
- 32. a) Describe the general histologic features of the small intestine (10 marks)
  - b) Draw and label the human cell and outline the functions of the organelles (10 marks)