TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

## FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES <br> DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS \& PHYSICS <br> UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

## AMA 4316: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS <br> SPECIAL/ SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATIONS <br> SERIES: SEPTEMBER 2018

TIME: 2 HOURS

## DATE: SEPTEMBER 2018

## Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination
-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID
This paper consists of FIVE questions. Attempt QUESTION ONE and any other TWO questions.
Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE Compulsory (30 marks)
a) Explain the following terms;
i) Ordinary differential equation.
(2 marks)
ii) Degree of a differential equation. (2 marks)
b) Solve the initial value problem $\frac{d y}{d x}=-4 x y^{2}, y(0)=1$ (4 marks)
c) The population growth rate of TUM is $3 \%$. Find the population N after time t if initially the population was $n_{o}$ (4 marks)
d) Find the General Solution. of $y^{\prime \prime}+y^{\prime}+y=0$ (3 marks)
e) Determine the function $F(t)$ for which $L\left\{F(t)=\frac{3}{5}-\frac{4 e^{-s}}{s^{2}}+\frac{5 e^{-2 s}}{s^{2}} \quad\right.$ (4 marks)
f) Use the method of undetermined coefficient to find the general solution of $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+\frac{14 d y}{d x}+49 y=4 e^{5 x}$
(6 marks)
g) Show that $\left(5 x^{4}+3 x^{2} y^{2}-2 x y^{3}\right) d x+\left(2 x^{3} y-3 x^{2} y^{2}-5 y^{4}\right) d y=0$ is exact hence solve it. (5 marks)
a) Eliminate the constants from $e^{x}(A \cos X+B \sin X)$ and obtain the differential equation. (5 marks)
b) Find :
i) A particular solution of $\operatorname{Sin} X \frac{d y}{d x}+y \cos x=x \sin x, y(\pi / 2)=2 \quad$ (7 marks)
ii) The general solution of $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-\frac{6 d y}{d x}+9 y=0$
(4 marks)
c) Solve the initial value problem $\frac{d y}{d x}=3 x^{2}+4 x+2$ subject to $y(0)=-1$
(4 marks)

## QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

a) A radioactive substance decays to half its original mass after half-life. Find a relation for the half-life $\frac{t}{2}$ and the decay substance $\lambda$
b) Solve the following equation using the method indicated
i) $5 \frac{d y}{d x}+2 x=3, y(2)=7 / 5 \quad$ [direct integration]
(4 marks)
ii) $y^{\prime \prime}-3 y^{\prime}-4 y=x e^{2 x} \quad$ [undetermined coefficient]

## QUESTION FOUR (20 Marks)

a) A function $F(t)$ is defined by $\begin{aligned} F(t) & =40<t<2 \\ & =2 t-3 \text { for } 2<t\end{aligned}$ Sketch the graph of the function and determine it's Laplace transform. (6 marks)
b) Solve the Bernoulli's equation $x y\left(1+x y^{2}\right) \frac{d y}{d x}=1$ (9 marks)
c) The slope $m$ of a curve is given by $m=\frac{y+3}{x+2}$. If the curve passes through the point $(1 / 2,1)$ find its equation.

## QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

a) Reduce
i) $(3 y-7 x+7) d x+(7 y-3 x+3) d y=0$ to homogenous form, hence (5 marks)
ii) Solve (i) above
b) Solve $\quad \begin{aligned} & x^{\prime}=y \\ & y^{\prime}=-2 x+3 y\end{aligned}$

