

# **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL ENGINEERING

## **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**

## DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL ENGINEERING

## **APS 2150: PHYSICAL SCIENCE FOR ENGINEERS**

### SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

## **SERIES:** SEPTEMBER 2018

## TIME: 2HOURS

DATE: Pick DateSep2018

Instructions to Candidates You should have the following for this examination *-Examination pass and student ID* This paper consists of five questions. Attempt any THREE questions. Do not write on the question paper.

#### **QUESTION ONE**

- a) Balance the following chemical equations:-
  - (i) Ag NO<sub>3</sub>  $\rightarrow$  Ag<sub>2</sub>O + NO<sub>2</sub> + O<sub>2</sub>
  - (ii)  $CuSO_4 + KI \rightarrow CuI + I_2 + K_2SO_4$
  - (iii) Pb  $(NO_3)_2 + K_2 CrO_4 \rightarrow PbCr^04 + KNO_3$
  - (iv)  $NaOH + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + H_2O$  (10marks)
- b) An Iron ring has a cross-sectional area of 0.005m<sup>2</sup> and a mean length of 1.2m. It is uniformly wound with a coil of 900 turns. If a current of 2A in the coil produces a flux density of 1.1T in the ring, calculate.
  - (i) The total flux in the iron
  - (ii) The magnetic field strength
  - (iii) The relative permeability of the iron under these conditions

(10marks)

(1mark)

- c) (i) Distinguish between **isothermal change** and **isobaric change** 
  - (ii) An aluminium pan of mass 0.5kg and containing 3kg of water is heated from 10°C to 100°C. Calculate the amount of heat received by the pan and its Contents. Assume the specific heat capacity of water and aluminium are 4200 J/Kg°C and 920 J/Kg°C, respectively. (10marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO**

- a) Define **wave**
- b) Describe
  - (i) Transverse wave
  - (ii) Longitudinal wave (4marks)
- c) State **five** conditions necessary for the establishment of a stationary wave (5Marks)
- d) Explain an experiment which can be used to determine the wavelength in air of the note emitted by a tuning fork (10marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE**

a)	Define <b>resonance</b>		(1mark)
b)	State three degrees of damping		(3marks)
c)	Calculate the length of cord needed for a simple pendulum to have a period time of 2 seconds (4mark		ve a periodic (4marks)
d)	A body of mass 2kg maximum restoring oscillation is 800mm (i) (ii) (iii)	oscillates in a straight line with simple harmonic force applied to the mass is 200N and the amplit n. Calculate the frequency the time for one oscillation the maximum acceleration QUESTION FOUR	motion. The tude of the <b>(12marks)</b>
a)	Sketch structures fo (i) (ii)	r methanol ethanol	(2marks)
b)	State (i) (ii) (iii)	<b>One</b> characteristic of aromatic compounds The main source of organic compounds The systematic names for the cyclo-alkane C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	es C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>13</sub> and <b>(4marks)</b>
c)	Compare and contra (i) (ii)	ast alkanes and alkenes saturated hydrocarbons and unsaturated hydr	ocarbons <b>(6marks)</b>
d)	Explain the fraction	al distillation of crude oil	(8marks)
QUESTION FIVE			
a)	State any <b>three</b> met	(3marks)	

- b) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the structure of an element with atomic number 14 and mass number 28 (7marks)
- c) Explain the basis of nuclear reactions. (10marks)