

## TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

# Faculty of Engineering and Technology Department of Mechanical & Automotive Engineering UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR: Diploma in Mechanical Engineering EME 2207 : Thermodynamics II SPECIAL/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION SERIES: AUGUST 2019 TIME: 2 HOURS DATE: Pick Date Aug 2019

#### **Instruction to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- Student I.D. Card & Examination Pass
- Answer booklet
- Non-Programmable scientific calculator
- Thermodynamic and Transport Properties of Fluids by G. F. C. Rogers and Y. R. Mayhew

This paper consists of FIVE questions. Attempt any THREE questions.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

Do not write on the question paper.

### **Question ONE**

a. i) Show that heat flow *Q*, through a cylinder is given by;

(8 marks)

$$Q = \frac{2\pi K(t_1 - t_2)}{\ln\left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right)}$$

Where *K* – thermal conductivity of the cylinder materials

 $t_1 \& t_2$  are inside and outside surface temperatures respectively

 $r_1$  and  $r_2$  are internal and external radii respectively

ii) Derive an expression for the logarithmic mean area for the cylinder.

- b. A steel tube with 5 cm internal diameter, 7.6 cm external diameter has a value of k=15W/mK. The tube is covered with an insulative covering of thickness 2 cm whose k 0.2 W/m·K. A hot gas at 330° C with  $\alpha$  = 400 W/m<sup>2</sup>K flows inside the tube. The outer surface of the insulation is exposed to cooler air at 30°C with  $\alpha$  = 60 W/m<sup>2</sup>K. Determine;
  - (i) The heat loss from the tube to the air for 10 m of the tube and
  - (ii) The temperature drops resulting from the thermal resistances of the steel tube, the insulation layer and the outside air. (12 marks)

#### Question TWO

- a. Explain the factors which influence the choice of a fuel for a particular application **(6 marks)**
- b. Explain the following terms as applied to combustion
  - (i) Weak mixture
  - (ii) Rich mixture
  - (iii) Mixture strength
  - (iv) Stoichiometric mixture
- c. The percentage composition of a liquid fuel by mass is, C=84.8 % and H<sub>2</sub>=15.2 %. Calculate:
  - (i) Stoichiometric A/F ratio,
  - (ii) The volumetric analysis of the products of combustion if 15 % excess air is supplied. (6 marks)

#### **Question THREE**

- a. Describe any two types of irreversible processes. (6 marks)
- b. Steam at a pressure of 20bar and 250°C is expanded in a perfectly thermally insulated cylinder to 3.6 bar and it is then further expanded polytropically to a pressure of 0.6 bar. Determine;
  - i) Final condition of the steam,
  - ii) Work done,
  - iii) Change of entropy during the two processes. (14marks)

(8marks)

#### **Question FOUR**

- a. Explain with help of both p-v and t-s diagrams the air standard Dual combustion cycle.  $(7\frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$
- b. An air standard dual combustion has a volume compression ratio of 15:1. The conditions at the beginning of compression are 1bar, 25°C and 0.1m<sup>3</sup>. The maximum pressure of the cycle is 1500°C. Determine for the cycle;
  - i) the conditions at the the corners of the cycle
  - ii) Thermal efficiency. (12 $\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

#### **Question FIVE**

a. i) The work done when a given mass of a perfect gas undergoes a non-flow reversible polytropic process in given by;

$$W = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n - 1}$$

Hence or otherwise, show that the heat transfer for the same process is given by;

$$Q = \left(\frac{n-x}{x-1}\right)W$$

(8 marks)

b.  $0.45 \text{ m}^3$  of air at 1 bar and 80°C contained in a cylinder behind a piston is compressed according to the law  $pv^n$  =constant to a volume of 0.13 m<sup>3</sup>, the final pressure being 5 bar. Determine:

(i) The mass of gas;

- (ii) The value of index 'n' for compression;
- (iii) The increase in internal energy of the gas;
- (iv) The heat transfer during the process. (12 marks)