

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DIPLOMA IN PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY

APM 2309: SOCIAL ADMINISTRATIVE PHARMACY V

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES:AUGUST2019

TIME:2 HOURS

DATE: Pick Date Aug 2019

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **THREE**Section(s). Attempt All questions in section A and B and any two questions in section C.

Circle the correct answer in section A.

- 1. An individual's health related behaviors depend on the perception of four critical areas. They include all the following EXCEPT:
 - a) Perceived susceptibility to illness.
 - b) Perceived potential severity of illness.
 - c) Perceived benefits of taking preventive action.
 - d) Perceived barriers to inaction.
- 2. All the following are types of health education EXCEPT:
 - a) Primary health education.
 - b) Secondary health education.
 - c) Quaternary health education.
 - d) Tertiary health education.
- 3. The individual approach to health education includes
 - a) Lectures

- b) Group or panel discussion
- c) Workshop seminars
- d) Counselling

11. The industrial property act Cap 509 can be described as

- a. An act of parliament to make provisions with respect to the control of the possession of license for trafficking in drugs made in the industry
- b. An act of parliament to make provision for industrial property
- An act of parliament to provide for the promotion of inventive and innovative activities to facilitate
 acquisition of technology thru the grant and regulation of patents, utility models, techno-vations and industrial
 designs
- d. An act of parliament to prohibit trade and manufacture of counterfeit goods
- 12. Law is a set of rules that are usually enforced. This means
 - a. It is applicable to everyone
 - b. It is not biased
 - c. Members of society must be compelled to obey it
 - d. Individuals have the freedom to do what they want
- 13. All the following are necessary to ensure that the pharmaceutical technologist remains competent at work EXCEPT
 - a. Continuous medical education
 - b. Continuos professional development
 - c. Reading journals
 - d. Consistent raising of salaries
- 14. Risk management in clinical governance involves
 - a. Not taking any risks at all costs
 - b. Minimizing risks as part of any quality assurance programme
 - c. Preventing risk ventures
 - d. Avoiding risky activities that may affect quality of health care
- 15. In reference to Cap 244, a medicinal substance may mean all the following EXCEPT
 - a. Any medicine for treating or preventing disease
 - b. Any medicine for diagnosing a disease
 - c. Any substance interfering with the physiological function of the body
 - d. Any product of plants used to cure diseases
- 16. Opium that has undergone the processes necessary to adopt it for medicinal use is
 - a. Poppy straw
 - b. Opium poppy
 - c. Medicinal opium
 - d. Opium
- 17. Any substance in the third schedule is

- a. Opium
- b. Prohibited plant
- c. Psychotropic substance
- d. Trafficked plant
- 18. Any substance specified in the second schedule or anything that contains any substance specified in that schedule is
 - a. Psychotropic substance
 - b. Prohibited plant
 - c. Trafficked plant
 - d. Medicinal substance
- 19. The convention on psychotropic substances adopted by the United Nations conference act Vienna in February 1971 is the
 - a. County convention
 - b. National convention
 - c. Universal convention
 - d. International convention
- 20. The substance that belongs to the second schedule is
 - a. Cocaine
 - b. Pethidine
 - c. Psilocybine
 - d. Thebaine
- 21. For maximum benefit to the organisation, managers need to factor in external environmental forces which are
 - a. Personal, political
 - b. Regulatory, personal
 - c. Technological, interpersonal
 - d. Globalisation, societal
- 22. Henry Fayol's classical definitions of "functions" has now been modified to
 - a. Plan organise- lead- control
 - b. Interpersonal- Informational- Decisional
 - c. Technical- Human- Conceptual
 - d. Plan- organise- control- lead- decisional
 - 23. Main approach to health education includes
 - a. Newspaper
 - b. Counselling
 - c. Clinic consultation
 - d. On site visit

. ութան	s or resources managers deal with are all the following EXCEPT
•	Man
b.	Materials
c.	Money
	Machines
d. . The a	Machines bility to influence a group towards achievement of goals is
d. 5. The a a.	Machines bility to influence a group towards achievement of goals is Leadership
d. 5. The a a. b.	Machines bility to influence a group towards achievement of goals is

- a. Leadership
- b. Motivation
- c. Communication
- d. Control
- 27. The transference and understanding of meaning is
 - a. Leadership
 - b. Motivation
 - c. Communication
 - d. Control
- 28. All the following apply to the interpersonal roles of a manager EXCEPT
 - a. Figurehead
 - b. Leader
 - c. Liaison
 - d. Spokesperson
- 29. All the following apply to the decisional roles of a manager EXCEPT
 - a. Entrepreneur
 - b. Figurehead
 - c. Trouble-shooter
 - d. Negotiator
- 30. The PPB board shall meet
 - a. 3 times a year
 - b. 4 times a year
 - c. When it deems necessary
 - d. 2 times a year
- 31. The registrar of the board is the

- a. Director of medical services
- b. Chief pharmacist
- c. Director of veterinary services
- d. Pharmacist
- 32. All the following are corrections that can be applied in the register EXCEPT
 - a. Delete from register name of registered pharmacist
 - b. Delete from register name of registered pharmacist he deems necessary
 - c. Delete from register any entry the board directs him to delete
 - d. Make from time to time any necessary alteration in the register, deletions, insertions etc
- 33. The board may issue an import license authorizing the importation of any drug or Part I poison to all the following persons EXCEPT
 - a. An authorized seller of poisons
 - b. A person requiring to import poisons for wholesale purposes
 - c. A person requiring to import poisons for industrial purposes
 - d. The government or local authority and its institutions for public purposes
- 34. A system through which all of the organizations in the health system are accountable for continuously improving the quality of their clinical services is
 - a. Clinical audit
 - b. Clinical governance
 - c. Clinical risk management
 - d. Monitoring and evaluation
- 35. Components of clinical governance includes all the following EXCEPT
 - a. Clear national standards
 - b. Mechanisms for ensuring local delivery
 - c. Mechanism for monitoring the delivery
 - d. Clear executional standards
 - 36. An examination or review that assesses and reports on the extent to which a condition, process or performance matches the predetermined standards is
 - a. Clinical standards

ł	Evidence based medicine
C	. Clinical audit
C	l. Clinical monitoring and evaluation
37. Development of a culture that encourages lifelong learning is	
8	. Continuous professional development
ł	Evidence based learning
C	. Job plan
C	l. Individual performance
38. For clinical governance to be successful, all the following must be in place	
8	. A program of quality improvement activities
ł	Procedures to identify and remedy poor performance
C	. A program of quantity improvement activities
(l. Clear policies aimed at managing risk
39. Choice of drugs to be essential depends on many factors that include all the following EXCEPT	
8	. Patterns of prevalent diseases
ł	o. Treatment facilities
C	. Financial resources
(l. Personnel unavailability
40. GLP is an regulation.	
8	. F.D.A
ł	o. P.P.B
C	. P.S.K
C	l. K.E.M.R.I

SECTION B 40MARKS: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 41. Outline any four functions of management (4 marks)
- 42. Highlight on any four advantages of planning in an organization (4marks)
- 43. State any four advantages of group-decision making (4marks)
- 44. Differentiate between Part I and Part II poisons (4marks)
- 45. Upon seizure of Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, list the factors that are recorded (4marks)
- 46. Define the following terms related to clinical governance:
 - a) monitoring and evaluation and (2marks)
 - b) risk management (2marks)
- 47. Outline the functions of money (4marks)
- 48. State any four methods that a manager can use to motivate employees in an organization (4marks)
- 49. Define the essential medicines and their concepts (4marks)
- 50. List at least 4 drugs that can't be imported/manufactured without the written consent of the DMS (4marks)

SECTION C 40 MARKS: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

- 51. a) Discuss the functions of the PPB (10 marks)
 - b) define the following terms as per the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances
 - i) psychotropic substances
 - ii) registered pharmacist
 - iii) trafficking
 - iv) premises
 - v) medicinal opium (10marks)
- 52. a. Discuss the functions of the Registrar of the Board (10marks)
 - b. What are the roles of a pharmacy technician in a community pharmacy? (10marks)
- 53. a) Discuss the organization of health care services in Kenya (12 marks)
 - b) Outline the various steps involved in the commodity management cycle (8 marks)