# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES 

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND HEALTH SCIENCES<br>UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DIPLOMA IN COMMUNITY HEALTH (DCHM18M, DEHS 18S)

## APH 2202: FUNDAMENTALS OF EPIDEMIOLOGY

## SEMESTER EXAMINATION

AUGUST 2019 2 HOURS

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of FIVE questions
Answer question ONE (compulsory) and any other TWO questions
This paper consists of two PRINTED pages

## QUESTION ONE

(a) Define the following terms (8 marks)
i. Endemic
ii. Sporadic
iii. Environment
iv. Epidemiology
(b) State FIVE disadvantages of cross sectional studies ( 5 marks)
(c)Name FOUR stages in the natural history of a disease (4 marks)
(d) Distinguish between incidence rate and prevalence rate ( $\mathbf{4}$ marks)
(e) In 2016 the total number of children under 5 years of age was 10,000 in
"Zone C". In the same year 200 children under five years of age died. Calculate
the under five-mortality rate (U5MR) (4 marks)
(f) Name TTHEE Diseases Targeted for Eradication and Elimination (3 marks)
(g) Explain the term Active surveillance (2 marks)

## QUESTION TWO

a. Name the major variables in descriptive epidemiology ( $\mathbf{3}$ marks)
b. Give six (6) key steps in conducting a field investigation for an epidemic ( $\mathbf{1 2}$ mark

## QUESTION THREE

Define the term Epidemiology and explain major components of the definition (15marks)

## QUESTION FOUR

(a) Explain the features of a good surveillance (7 marks)
(b) Discuss uses of Epidemiology (8 marks)

## QUESTION FIVE

The following information is about Village X which was collected for the year 2016:
a. Total average population $=40,000$
b. Total number of live births $=4000$
c. Total number of deaths $=400$
d. Total number of deaths before the age of 28 days $=50$
e. Total number of infant deaths $=200$
f. Number of women who died from pregnancy related causes $=160$
g. New cases of tuberculosis $=100$
h. All cases of tuberculosis $=300$
i. Deaths from tuberculosis $=60$

## Based on the above information calculate the following ( 15 marks)

1. The incidence rate of tuberculosis.
2. The period prevalence rate of tuberculosis.
3. The case fatality rate of tuberculosis.
4. The Neonatal mortality rate.
5. The maternal mortality ratio
