



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (PLANT OPTION)

DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL AND AUTOMATION ENGINEERING

ECI 2205: CONTROL SYSTEMS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: AUGUST 2019

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: Pick DateSelect MonthPick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of FIVE questions. Attempt any **THREE Questions**

Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE

- a)
- i) Define the term “Control System” as used in control engineering
 - ii) State any ONE objective of control system
 - iii) Differentiate between the following control schemes
 - I) Open-loop
 - II) Closed-loop
 - iv) Give and explain operation of ONE example of a control in iii (I)

(10marks)

- b)
- i) Use block diagram algebra to obtain the closed loop transfer function of the control system of fig.Q1(b)(i)

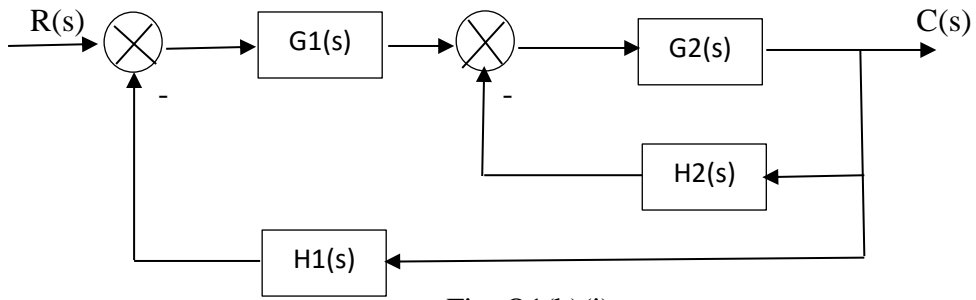


Fig. Q1(b)(i)

- ii) For the system shown in fig. Q1(b)(ii) obtain the expression for the output $C(s)$.

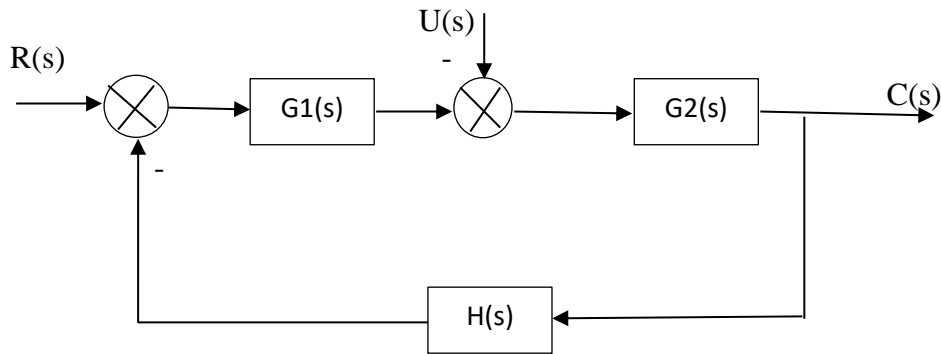


Fig. Q1(b)(ii)

(10marks)

QUESTION TWO

a)

- i) Define the following terms as used in signal flow graphs
- I) Node
 - II) Path
 - III) Branch
- ii) Obtain the transfer $\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$ function of the signal flow graph in fig. Q2(a)

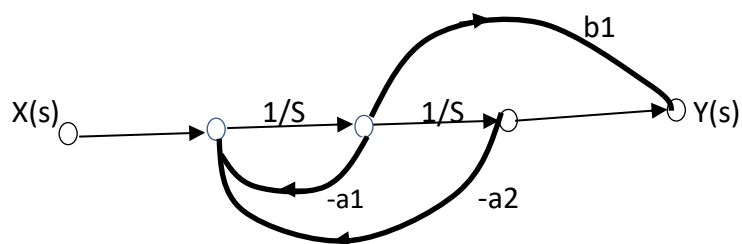


Fig. Q2(a)

(9mrks)

- b) Determine the step, ramp and parabolic error coefficients for unity feedback systems with the following transfer function.

$$\frac{10(S + 3)}{(S + 1)(S^2 + 2S + 2)} \quad (5\text{marks})$$

- a) i) Define the following terms as used in feedback control systems

- I. Actuating signal
- II. Feedback signal

- ii) Explain how a feedback control system maintains its output at a prescribed value

(6marks)

QUESTION THREE

a)

- i) State the Routh stability criterion
- ii) A unity feedback has open-loop transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{S^4 + 2S^3 + 6S^2 + 10S}$$

- I) Determine the characteristics equation of the system
- II) Use the Routh array to determine the range of values of K for which the system is stable
- III) Given that $K = 5$, determine the oscillating frequency of the system (10marks)

a)

- i) Define with aid of sketches the following input signals used for testing control systems. Give their mathematical representation.

- I) Step
- II) Sinusoidal
- III) Ramp
- IV) Parabolic

- ii) Distinguish between time response and frequency response (10marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a)
- i) State the Nyquist stability criterion
 - ii) With respect to the Nyquist polar plot, define the following
 - I) Gain cross over frequency
 - II) Phase cross- over frequency (8marks)
- b) The open loop transfer function of a system is:

$$G(s) = \frac{50}{S(1 + 0.1S)(1 + 0.5S)}$$

- i) Plot the polar curve of the system
- ii) Find the gain and phase margin
- iii) Deduce from the values found in b(ii) whether the system is stable or not. State reasons for your answer. (12marks)

QUESTION FIVE

- a) Define the Nichols chart with reference to control system
- b) The open-loop transfer function of a control system is given below

$$G(s) = \frac{2}{S(1 + S)(1 + S/3)}$$

Construct the response on a Nicholas chart and determine:-

- I) Phase Margin
 - II) Gain Margin
 - III) Peak magnitude (12marks)
- c)
- i) State any THREE advantages of Bode over the Nyquist diagrams
 - ii) In a test on a servomechanism the following open – loop response was obtained

W(rad/s)	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	5.0	10	20
Gain(dB)	30	21	17	1.0	0	-8	-2.0	-39	-57
Phase angle (deg)	-98	-110	-120	-145	-186	-208	-230	-250	-260

Plot the response on a Bode diagram and determine:-

- I) Gain margin
- II) Phase margin
- III) If the system is stable or unstable (8marks)