

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

SOCIAL SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN DEVELOPMENT STUDIES (BSDS S13 PT & FT) YEAR THREE SEMESTER TWO.

BDS 4311: PARTICIPATION & PARTICIPATORY APPROACHES TO DEVELOPMENT (PPAD)

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL 2016

TIME : 2HOURS

DATE:.....May, 2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

Question ONE (Compulsory) 30 marks

- a) Explain Community participation (2 marks)
- b) Name and explain any FIVE key principles for effective participation that can be applied to all aspects of the development process. (10 marks).
- c) As an outside researcher, describe ways you can ensure effective community participation / effectiveness of a participatory development process (10 marks)

- d) Write short notes on the term "Community Participation". (5 marks)
- e) Using a community project of your choice, outline three potential stakeholders in community participation. (3 marks).

Question TWO

Name and explain the key steps which most communities go through in a participatory development process. (20 marks)

Question THREE

- a) Briefly explain any four assumptions on which participatory approaches are based (8 marks).
- b) Explain FOUR Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) activities that are usually carried out in small focus groups. (12 marks)

Question FOUR

- a) (i) Monitoring is a routine process of collecting and managing project data that provides feedback as pertains to the progress of a project. Explain what makes monitoring participatory. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Briefly discuss FIVE reasons in favor of conducting a participatory monitoring.
 - (10 marks)
- b) By use of a relevant example, explain "Mapping" as a participatory data collection method. (8 marks)

Question FIVE

- a) What is popular participation? (2 marks)
- b) By use of relevant examples, discuss the functions of popular participation. (15 marks)
- c) State any THREE constraints to popular participation. (3 marks).