

#### **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

#### DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

## **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**

## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

## ECE 2504 : PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING III

# END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION **SERIES:** DECEMBER 2016

## TIME: 2 HOURS

#### DATE:

Instructions to Candidates You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID -Drawing instruments. This paper consists of five questions. Attempt any THREE questions. Do not write on the question paper.



#### **Question ONE (Compulsory)**

a).	Explain the term salinity. Why is it important to plants	(6 Marks).
b).	Discuss the processes involved in solid waste management chain	(14 Marks).
c).	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of biogas production	(10 Marks).

#### **Question TWO**

a).	What is onsite waste water treatment system (OWTS). Discuss the main	challenges and
	problems associated with this system	(12 Marks).

- b). Make short notes on the following:
  - i). Metallic corrosion
  - ii). Biological growth
  - iii). Scaling concern
  - iv). Fouling (8 Marks).

#### **Question THREE**

a). What are the main principle issues regarding composting, design and control

	(5 Marks).
Discuss factors that must be considered in siting of a land fill	(8 Marks).

- b). Discuss factors that must be considered in siting of a land fill (8 Marks).c). Outline the guidelines required when making decisions on the collection routes of the
  - Municipal Solid Waste (7 Marks).

#### **Question FOUR**

- a). Discuss the process involved in windrow composting (9 Marks).
- b). A new urban residential estate with 600 homes averaged occupancy of 4.8 person per residence and a single central park has been completed. Determine if the estate may be served by once a week collection by two trucks. The other details were provided as follows:
  - Waste generation for parks and recreational areas = 0.03 kg/cap.day
  - Waste generation for the residential homes = 1.9 kg/capita
  - Park rubbish density =  $150 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - Residential rubbish =  $400 \text{ kg/m}^3$
  - Capacity for the truck =  $6.0 10.5 \text{ m}^3$  (5 Marks).
- c). Discuss wastewater treatment processes (6 Marks).



## Question FIVE

a).	Citing the potential concern, discuss the urban re-use of waste water	(12 Marks).
b).	Define the term REFUSE	(1 Mark).
c).	Explain the process of vemi-composting	(7 Marks).