

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering and Technology in Conjunction with Kenya Institute of Highways & Building Technology (KIHBT)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR 2017/2018:

HIGHER DIPLOMA IN TECHNOLOGY

ELECTRICAL POWER ENGINEERING

ERE 3230: RENEWABLE ENERGY

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: DECEMBER 2017

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE:Pick DateSelect MonthPick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **FIVE** Questions; each question carries 20 Marks. Attempt any THREE Questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE

a)

- i. State any THREE technical challenges associated with Solar PV energy systems.
- ii. Differentiate with the aid of a sketch between Solar Direct Heating and Solar PV energy systems.
- iii. Explain the precautionary measures to be observed during Solar PV energy system installation. (10 Marks)
- b) Given the following load base condition:
 - I. 10 Fluorescent lamps (36 watts each), for 12hrs a day.
 - II. General Purpose appliances (120W in Total) for 6hrs a day.

Apply common applied factors of efficiency and duration, as well as local prices to design a solar PV system and estimate:

- i. The number of PV panels
- ii. The dimensions of battery bank
- iii. Inverter rating
- iv. Cost estimation of the system.

(10 Marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a)
 - i. State any THREE functions of Geothermal Development Company (GDC) in Kenya.
 - ii. Explain any TWO negative environmental consequences associated with geothermal energy resources.
- iii. With the aid of a well labeled schematic describe the layout of a Geothermal Power Generating Station. (10 Marks)
- b) A new Geothermal plant has been discovered having an equivalent mass of hot rocks totaling 1 tonne and calorific value of 10,000kcal/Kg. The plant generates 4000kWhr per day. The turbine and the electrical efficiencies are 95% and 96% respectively. Take 1kWhr = 860kCal. Determine:
 - i. The overall plant efficiency.
 - ii. The efficiency of the geothermal well.
 - iii. The annual fuel consumption of an equivalent 93% efficiency Coal Plant having calorific value of 3000kCal/Kg. (10 Marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a)
- i. Explain any TWO major conditions which must be met before a mini-hydro power station is installed.
- ii. Highlight THREE challenges faced in running an off-grid mini-hydro power station.
- iii. Illustrate with the aid of a sketch the layout of a Pico hydro-electric power plant. (10 Marks)
- b) A small river run off electric plant with pondage has the following data:

Installed Capacity = 5MW Overall Efficiency = 80% Water Head, H = 10mLoad Factor = 40%

- i. Determine the minimum river discharge in m^3/s required for the plant.
- ii. On a particular day the discharge changed to 10m³/s, calculate the load factor the plant can supply. (10 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR

a)

- i. State THREE advantages of Wind over Hydro energy systems.
- ii. Explain any TWO disadvantages of Availability Based Tariff (ABT) in energy billing system.
- iii. With the aid of sketches compare the performances of TWO types of wind turbines. (10 Marks)
- b) A uniform wind thrust of 20Pa hits a three plate turbine (**Figure Q4 below**) each with an effective radius of a total area of $10m^2$ and effective radius of 1.8m to turn it at an average speed of 1500 revolutions per minute.



Given that a 4 pole rotating field synchronous generator is connected via the shaft, and that the plant has mechanical and electrical efficiencies of 60% and 90% respectively, calculate:

- i. The frequency of the output voltage.
- ii. The power output of the plant.
- iii. The cost per unit of electricity produced for a Garden having 50 such plants and operated 6 Hours a day. Total expenses are KSh. 20 Million per annum.

(10 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE

a)

- i. Explain THREE major reasons why several industrialized countries in the world are shutting down their Nuclear Power Plants.
- ii. State TWO challenges faced in the establishment of a Biomass Plant.
- iii. With the aid of an illustration show the setup of a Biomass Power Generating Plant. (10 Marks)
- b) Biomass with a calorific value of 6400kCal/Kg was used to supply heat to a 100MW steam station. Given that the thermal efficiency and electrical efficiencies of the station was 30% and 92% respectively, take 1kWhr = 860kCal to calculate:
 - i. The Biomass consumption per hour when the station is delivering its maximum output.
 - ii. The value of loss due to inefficiency in KSh. if Biomass is worth KSh. 8.00 per Kg.
 - iii. The cost of Biomass required to run the station for 4 hours a day for a year while delivering its maximum output.

(10 Marks)