TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

# FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY <br> DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING <br> UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR: BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING 

ECE 2306: ENGINEERING SURVEY III

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SERIES: DECEMBER 2016
TIME: 2 HOURS
DATE:

Instructions to Candidates
You should have the following for this examination
-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID
-Drawing instruments.
This paper consists of five questions.
Attempt any THREE questions.
Do not write on the question paper.

## Question ONE (Compulsory)

a). Tabulate the data required to set out a simple circular curve using a chain and a tape. The radius of the curve is given as $\mathbf{6 0 0} \mathbf{m}$ connecting two straights deflecting at an angle of $\mathbf{1 8}^{\mathbf{0} 24}$ ' and the chainage of the intersection $\mathbf{I}$ is $\mathbf{2 1 4 0} \mathrm{m}$ (use standard chord of 20 m )
(10 Marks).
b). A cutting is to be made in the ground which has a traverse slope of $1: 5$. The width of the formation was 10 m and the side slope are 1 vertical to 2 horizontal. If the depths of the center lines of the three sections of 30 m apart were $3.0,4.5$ and 6.2 m respectively. Determine the volume of the earth over this length
(14 Marks).
c). A cutting is to be made in the ground which has a traverse slope of $1: 2$. The width of the formation was 14 m and the side slope are 1 vertical to 2 horizontal. If the depths of the center lines of the 4.0 m determine the widths and the area of the cutting (6 Marks).

## Question TWO

a). A road has a formation breadth of 9 m and the side slopes of 1 in cut, and 1 in 3 fill. The original ground has a cross - fall of 1 in 5 . If the depth of excavation of two sections 20 m apart are 0.4 and 0.6 m respectively, calculate the volumes of both the cut and the fill over this length (6 Marks).
b). The coordinates of a polygon A, B, C, D and E were recorded as follows:

| Station | $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{m})$ | $\mathbf{N}(\mathbf{m})$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| A | 200.00 | 400.00 |
| B | 306.98 | 285.65 |
| C | 368.60 | 282.02 |
| D | 492.93 | 248.80 |
| E | 291.74 | 185.70 |

If the steel tape used during the measurements was found to be 0.1 m too short, determine the corrected area of the plot to the nearest hectares
c). State Simpson's rule. Determine the area of a plot given the offsets scaled from a plan at an interval of 20 m . The information was provided as follows:

| Offset (m): | $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{6}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{7}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{8}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{9}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{10}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length (m): | 16.76 | 19.81 | 20.42 | 18.59 | 16.76 | 17.68 | 17.68 | 17.37 | 16.76 | 17.68 |

## Question THREE

The diagram below show excavation about the existing ground levels on a $15 * 12.5 \mathrm{~m}$ rectangle grids that form part of a site which is to be excavated on a uniform formation level of 10 m above the datum. Calculate the volume of the earth to be excavated assuming vertical sides by using rectangular and triangular shapes
(12 Marks).

## Diagram

b). In order to find the volume of water in a reservoir the following contours were recorded:

| Contour (m): | 100 | 98 | 96 | 94 | 92 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | $:$ | 3150 | 2460 | 1630 | 840 | 210 |

Determine the volume of water in the reservoir using end area and prismoidal methods (4 Marks).
c). Define the following terms as used in Mass Haul Diagrams:
i). Haul
ii). Free Haul
(1 Mark).
iii). Mass Haul Diagram
(1 Mark).
iv). Average Haul

## Question FOUR

a).
b). Discuss Planimeter and its essential parts.

## Question FIVE

a) Tabulate the data required to set out a simple circular curve using a chain and a theodolite. The radius of the curve is given as $\mathbf{6 0 0} \mathbf{~ m}$ connecting two straights deflecting at an angle of $\mathbf{1 8}^{\mathbf{0} 24}$, and the chainage of the intersection $\mathbf{I}$ is $\mathbf{2 1 4 0} \mathrm{m}$ (use standard chord of 20 m ) Marks).
b) Describe the following methods as used in determining the areas of irregular figures:
i). Give and take lines
(2 Marks).
ii). Trapezoidal rule
(2 Mark).
iii). Counting squares
(2 Marks).

