



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PURE & APPLIED SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DIPLOMA IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY (DAC 14S)

ACH 2305 : CHEMISTRY OF TRANSITION ELEMENTS PAPER 2

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: DECEMBER 2016

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: Pick Date Dec 2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions
Do not write on the question paper.

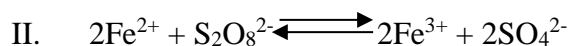
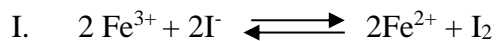
Question ONE

1. (a) Determine the oxidation state of
 - (i) V in VO_2^+
 - (ii) Mn in MnO_4^{3-}
 - (iii) Mn in Mn_2O_7
 - (iv) Ni in $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_3]^{2-}$ (8 Marks)
- (b) State five differences between Ar ($z = 18$) and Mn ($z=25$) (5 Marks)
- (c) Distinguish diamagnetic substance from paramagnetic substance and give one example for each. (4 Marks)
- (d) State five advantages of potassium permanganate as reagent in volumetric analysis. (5 Marks)
- (e) For each of the following ores name the metallic element and give the corresponding formula of the compound (mineral) containing the metal.

- (i) Hematite (2 Marks)
- (ii) Pyrolusite (2 Marks)
- (iii) Cassiterite (2 Marks)
- (iv) Rutile (2 Marks)

Question TWO

2. (a) The mechanism of a certain reaction involves the following two steps.



(i) State the role played by Fe^{3+} , I^- and $\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}$ in the reaction

give a reason in each case

(6 Marks)

(ii) Determine the equation of the overall reaction

(2 Marks)

(b) Given the following elements

X(z=33)

w(z=35)

y(z=47)

(i) Write the valence shell electron configuration for each

(3 Marks)

(ii) From your answer in b(i) identify

A. Coinage metal

(3 Marks)

B. Metalloid

(2 Marks)

Question THREE

3. (a) State three properties of cations that favour formation of stable complexes

(3 Marks)

(b) Out of the following pairs of complexes, identify the more stable complex and give a reason for your answer.

(i) $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$ and $\text{K}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$

(ii) $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ and $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$

(iii) $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_2]\text{Cl}_2$ and $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]\text{Cl}_2$

(iv) $[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)_6]^{4-}$ and $[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)_6]$

(8 Marks)

(c) Identify the transition metal or its compound used as a catalyst in the following

(i) Manufacture of polythene

(ii) Decomposition of H_2O_2

(iii) Haber process

(iv) Contact process

(4 Marks)

Question FOUR

- (a) Discuss briefly the two theories of catalytic activity of transition element. (10 Marks)
- (b) Give the IUPAC names of the following
- (i) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$
 - (ii) $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\text{SO}_4$ (1 Mark)
 - (iii) $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}_2][\text{PtCl}_4]$ (1 Mark)
 - (iv) $\text{K}_2[\text{PtCl}_6]$ (1 Mark)
 - (v) $[\text{CO}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2$ (1 Mark)

Question FIVE

The following table shows the ionization energies in KJmol^{-1} of five elements lettered A,B,C,D and E

| Element | 1 st IE | 2 nd IE | 3 rd IE | 4 th IE |
|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| A | 500 | 4600 | 6900 | 9500 |
| B | 740 | 1500 | 7700 | 10500 |
| C | 630 | 1600 | 3000 | 4800 |
| D | 900 | 1800 | 14800 | 21000 |
| E | 580 | 1800 | 2700 | 11600 |

- a) Identify
- (i) The element that is most likely to form + 1 ion. Explain (2 Marks)
 - (ii) The two elements that are in the same group of periodic table state the group (5 Marks)
 - (iii) The group of periodic table element E belong. Explain (3 Marks)
 - (iv) The element that would require the least energy to convert one mole of gaseous atoms into dipositive ions (2 Marks)
- (b) Element A is a crystalline solid at room temperature. Write equations of steps involved in formation of $\text{A}^{2+}_{(g)}$ ions (3 Marks)