



## TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY  
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING  
**INSTITUTIONAL BASED PROGRAMME**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**  
- DIPLOMA IN BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING

EBC 2206: SOIL MECHANICS II  
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES: JULY 2017**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**DATE: SEPT. 2017**

### Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID
- Drawing instruments.
- Scientific calculator

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions.

Attempt **any THREE** questions.

**Do not write on the question paper**

**Mobile Phones are NOT allowed inside the examination room**

### **QUESTION ONE**

**(a)** Outline the undrained conditions of test THAT IS applied in triaxial tests. **(8marks)**

**(b)** With the aid of a sketch explain pure shear mode of failure for triaxial test samples.  
**(6marks)**

**(c) (i)** Sketch typical graphical results expected from consolidated-undrained triaxial test.

**(ii)** Explain the sketch provided in (c) (i). **(6 marks)**

## QUESTION TWO

- (a) State **FOUR** main advantages for a direct shear strength test. **(6 marks)**
- (b) The following results were obtained from drained shear strength tests done on a silty clay soil using a shear box.

Normal stress (KN/m <sup>2</sup> )	150	250	350	450
Shear stress at failure (KN/m <sup>2</sup> )	89	125	160	195

Determine the shear strength parameters for the soil tested

- (c) Another specimen similar to the soil in 4.0 (a) is to be tested using triaxial apparatus under drained conditions, at a cell pressure of 250KN/m<sup>2</sup>.
- (i) Determine deviator stress that is anticipated to act at failure,
- (ii) Calculate normal stress and shear stress that would develop on plane of failure.

**(14 marks)**

## QUESTION THREE

- (a) Briefly describe the general mode of failure applied to footings. **(8marks)**
- (b) A circular footing is to be constructed to a depth of 2.0m in stiff clay of saturated unit weight 21.55 KM/m<sup>3</sup>. The undrained shear strength of the soil and factor of safety are 120 KN/m<sup>2</sup> and 3 respectively. Using Terzaghi's theory, calculate size of the footing if safe load of 367 KN/m<sup>2</sup> is to be supported. Take  $N_c = 8.3$ .

**(12 marks)**

## QUESTION FOUR

- (a) Outline procedure for standard penetration test **(8 Marks)**
- (b) The results of triaxial shear strength tests done on soil samples obtained from a building construction site were as follows:

Test number	1	2	3
Cell pressure (KN/m <sup>2</sup> )	150	300	500
Deviator stress at failure(KN/m <sup>2</sup> )	190	380	625
Pore pressure at failure (KN/m <sup>2</sup> )	69	141	241

Determine the shear strength parameters with respect to the following effective stresses.

**(12 marks)**

## QUESTION FIVE

- (a) (i) Explain the term 'shallow footing' applied to Terzaghi's theory on shallow foundations.
- (ii) Explain each term that form Terzaghi's theory for bearing capacity. **(10 marks)**

(b) A circular footing is to be constructed to a depth of 2.0m in stiff clay of saturated unit weight  $21.55 \text{ KN/m}^3$ . The undrained shear strength of the soil and factor of safety are  $120 \text{ KN/m}^2$  and 3 respectively. Using Terzaghi's theory, calculate size of the footing if safe load of  $365 \text{ KN/m}^2$  is to be supported. Take  $N_c = 8.3$ .

**(10 marks)**