

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATION STUDIES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF JOURNALISM AND MASS COMMUNICATION

BMC 4213: RADIO PRODUCTION

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL2016

TIME:2HOURS

DATE: Pick DateSelect Month 2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination *-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID* This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attemptquestion ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions **Do not write on the question paper.**

Question ONE: <u>Compulsory</u>

i. Define dynamic range and explain how we deal with it when miking vocals (4 Marks)

ii. Outline any 6 characteristics of sound (5 marks)

iii. Sate and explain any five functions of sound effects in radio production? (5 marks)

iv. Describe what ADSR envelope means (with an illustration) and how this is applied in digital audio synthesis (8 marks)

v. Define Doppler Shift and identify any TWO of its characteristics (6 Marks)

vi. Identify and describe functionalities the two main devices used in computers to add effects to analog audio signals (2 marks).

Question TWO

i) Briefly explain any three factors that affect sound propagation (15 marks)

ii) Surfaces of room boundaries (walls, ceiling, and floor), as well as other objects in a room, contribute to room acoustics, Explain this statement in relation to sound operations . (5 marks)

Question THREE

Write short notes on the following terms in relation to sound propagation (20 marks)

- i. Attenuation
- ii. Reflection
- iii. Absorption
- iv. Canyon effect
- v. Interference

Question FOUR

You have been approached by a group of student to explain to them how sound travels from the studio to the audience. Outline your presentation using an appropriate diagram. (20 marks)

Question FIVE

a) Highlight the importance of digital editing in radio broadcasting today. (10 marks)

b) Distinguish between destructive and non destructive editing in radio production (4 marks)

c) Explain any FOUR techniques an audio engineer can use to reduce HUM (6 Marks)