

PAPER 2



TECHNICAL

UNIVERSITY OF

MOMBASA

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Faculty of Engineering & Technology

Department of Electrical & Electronics

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**

Diploma in Electrical and Electronic Engineering

**AMA 2151 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II**

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES:** December 2016

**TIME:** Two HOURS

**Instructions to Candidates**

You should have the following for this examination

*Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID, Scientific Calculator & No Mobile Phone.*

This paper consists of five questions. Attempt Question One **COMPULSORY** and any other TWO questions.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

**Do not write on the question paper.**

### QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)

- (a) Determine from first, principles the derivative  $f(x) = \frac{1}{5x+3}$  (5 marks)
- (b) Given  $u = x^2y + \frac{y}{x}$  find  $du$  (3 marks)
- (c) Given that  $f(x) = x^2$  express as simply as possible  $\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$  ( $h \neq 0$ ) (4 marks)
- (d) If  $x^3 + y^3 + 3xy^2 = 8$  find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  (4 marks)

(a) Evaluate  $\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx$  by putting  $x = a \sin \theta$  (7 marks)

(b) Find the value of

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{3x^2 + 4x - 2}{5x^2 - 36}$$

by putting  $x = \frac{1}{h}$  and  $h \rightarrow 0$ . (3 marks)

(c) Determine  $\int \frac{7x dx}{\sqrt{8x^2 + 4}}$  (4 marks)

### QUESTION TWO:

- (a) Find the gradient at the point (1, 2) on the curve  $y = x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 1$  (3 marks)
- (b) A box with sides of length  $x, y, z$  mm is expanding along the  $x$  and  $y$  sides at a rate of 2 and 3 mm per second but contracting along the  $z$  side at a rate of 4 mm per second. Find the rate of change of volume when  $x = y = 10$  mm,  $z = 20$  mm (5 marks)
- (c) If  $x = t^3 + t^2, y = t^2 + t$ . Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of  $t$ . (4 marks)
- (d) Sketch the curves  $y = 4 - x^2$  and  $y = x^2 - 2x$ , then find the area enclosed between the two curves (8 marks)

### QUESTION THREE:

- (a) Find the maximum and minimum of the function  $y = x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x + 5$  (6 marks)

- (b) Find the equation of the normal to the curve  $y = (x^2+x+1)(x-3)$  at the point where it cuts the  $x$  – axis. (Take  $x^2+x+1$  as having no real roots) (5 marks)
- (c) A pin moves along a straight guide so that its velocity  $v(\text{cm/s})$  when it is distance  $x(\text{cm})$  from the beginning of the guide at time  $t(\text{s})$  is as given in the table below

$t(\text{s})$	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
$V(\text{cm/s})$	0	4.00	7.94	11.6	14.97	17.39	18.25	16.08	0

Apply Simpsons rule using 8 intervals, to find the approximate total distance travelled by the pin between  $t = 0$  and  $t = 4$  (9 marks)

#### QUESTION FOUR:

- (a) Given  $\cos^4\theta = \frac{1}{4}(1 + \cos 2\theta)^2$   
Evaluate  $\int \cos 4\theta d\theta$  (5 marks)
- (b) The area of the segment cut off by  $Y = 5$  from the curve  $y = x^2 + 1$  is rotated about the  $x$  – axis. Find the volume generated (8 marks)

- (c) Show that  $V = (Ar^n + \frac{B}{r^n}) \cos(n\theta)$

Satisfies the equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{dy}{dr} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d^2y}{d\theta^2} = 0$$

(7 marks)

#### QUESTION FIVE:

- (a) Evaluate (i)  $\int x \sqrt{3x-1} dx$  by substitution (4 marks)
- $\int \frac{x+1}{x^2-3x+2} dx$  by partial fractions (5 marks)
- (b) Given  $\cosh x = \frac{1}{2}(e^x + e^{-x})$  and  $\sinh x = \frac{1}{2}(e^x - e^{-x})$   
Show that for  $\tanh^{-1}x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)$  (6 marks)
- (c) Evaluate  $I = \int_1^3 \int_1^1 \int_0^2 (x + 2y-z) dx dy dz$  (5 marks)