## TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING \& TECHNOLOGY

# DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING 

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

SEPT. 2017 SERIES

DIPLOMA IN ARCHITECTURE
DA.14.S 17no YR II SEM II
SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

EAR 2205 BUILDING ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE II: LIGHTING DESIGN

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2 \text { HOURS }
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## INSTRUCTIONS

(i) You should have the following for this examination:

- Answer booklet
- Blue or black pen, pencil
- Non programmable scientific calculator
(ii) This paper consists of five questions
(ii) Answer any three questions
(iii) All question carry equal marks, i.e 20 each
(iv) Maximum marks for each part of a question are shown
(v) Use neat, large and well labeled diagrams
(vi) Do not write on the question paper

This paper consists of 2 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all pages are printed and no questions are missing. QUESTIONS

1. Discuss the following sub-titles:
a) Reflection
b) Coloured light
c) Munsell system
2. A room measures $20 \times 9 \mathrm{~m}$ and the light fittings are mounted on the ceiling 2.9 m above the working plane. The required illuminance is 300 lux with an mf of 0.8 .

## Calculate:

i) Room index
(5 marks)
ii) U.F.
iii) Number of light fittings
iv) Whether spacing to mounting height is acceptable use of;

- B24 luminaire with maximum spacing to mounting height.
- Lighting design lumens $(\phi)$ for lamps $=6134 \mathrm{~lm}, 1$ lamp per luminaire.
- Lower flux utilance $=0.88$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{UFu}=0.42 \\
\mathrm{DLOR}=50 \% \\
\mathrm{ULOR}=20 \%
\end{gathered}
$$

3. a) State the two types of lighting and their corresponding purposes.
b) Enumerate two properties of the objects that we see.
c) Vision is the most important channel between man and his environment, light being a requisite. Briefly outline the sources of light.
d) Explain the nature of light.
e) Describe the transmission of light.
4. a) Describe the inverse square law as used in the determination of the direct component of illuminance.
b) A uniform source gives out 25133 lm is placed 3 m directly above point A on a working plane. Point B is on the same plane but 4 m away from point A. Evaluate direct illuminance at each point using the cosine law of illuminance.
5. Sight is a function of light and the eye. Discuss.

## \# END \#

