



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

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Faculty of Engineering and Technology  
Department of Mechanical & Automotive Engineering  
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:  
BSc. Mechanical Engineering  
EMG 2411 : SOLIDS & STRUCTURAL MECHANICS IV  
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION  
SERIES: sept. 2017  
TIME: 2 HOURS  
DATE: sept. 2017

**Instruction to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer booklet*
- *Non-Programmable scientific calculator*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt any **THREE** questions. All Questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

**Do not write on the question paper.**

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**Question 1**

Fig Q1 shows a beam of length ' $2a$ ' metres fixed at the left-hand end and propped at the centre. The beam supports a uniformly distributed load of magnitude  $wN/m$  over a span of ' $a$ ' metres as well as a point load of magnitude ' $2wa$ ' Newtons and a clockwise couple of magnitude ' $2wa^2$ '  $N-m$  at the free end.

- Derive expressions for the reactions at the supports
- Derive expressions for the slope and the deflection at the free end of the beam.

$E$  - Modulus of elasticity of the beam

$I$  - Second Moment of area of the beam cross-section

**Question 2**

Fig Q2 shows the cross-section of a two-celled tube subjected to a torque  $T$ . The dimensions of the sections are given as functions of ' $a$ ' and the thicknesses of the various sections are given as functions of ' $t$ '.

Derive in terms of the indicated parameters

- the Shear stresses in all the walls

- (ii) the expression for the angle of twist per unit length

$G =$  Torsional Modulus of Rigidity of the material

### Question 3

Fig Q3 shows a cross-section of a beam made from a material of thickness ' $t$ ' and the rest of the dimensions are indicated as functions of ' $a$ '.

- (i) Calculate the magnitude of the maximum Shear stress  
(ii) Determine the position of the Shear centre

### Question 4

Fig Q4 shows a strut fixed at the left-hand end and supporting a compressive load  $P$  as well as a bending moment  $M$  at the free end.

Show that :

$$M = \frac{Pa \cos nl}{(1 - \cos nl)}$$

where  $l$  is the length of the strut and ' $a$ ' the deflection at the free end

### Question 5

A circular plate of radius  $R$  and thickness ' $t$ ' is fixed at the periphery and the plate supports a uniformly applied pressure ' $p$ ' per unit area.

- (i) Show that the maximum radial stress per unit arc ( $\sigma_r \max$ ) is given by

$$\sigma_r \max = \frac{3pR^2}{4Et^2}$$

And the maximum circumferential stress per unit radius ( $\sigma_\theta \max$ ) is given by

$$\sigma_\theta \max = \frac{3pR^2(1+\nu)}{8t^2}$$

- (iii) show that at  $r = 0$  the bending moment in the circumferential direction per unit length of radius is given by

$$M_\theta = \frac{pR^2(1+\nu)}{16}$$

And (at  $r = 0$ ) the bending moment in the radial direction per unit length of circumference is given by

$$M_r = \frac{pR^2(1+\nu)}{16}$$

Assume that at any radius ' $r$ ' the bending moment in the radial direction per unit length of arc is given by

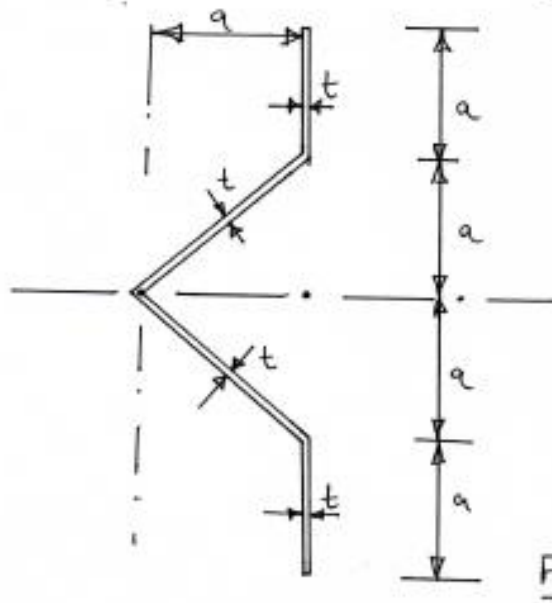
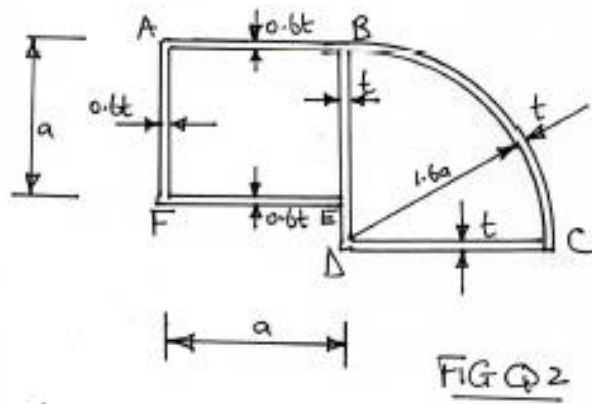
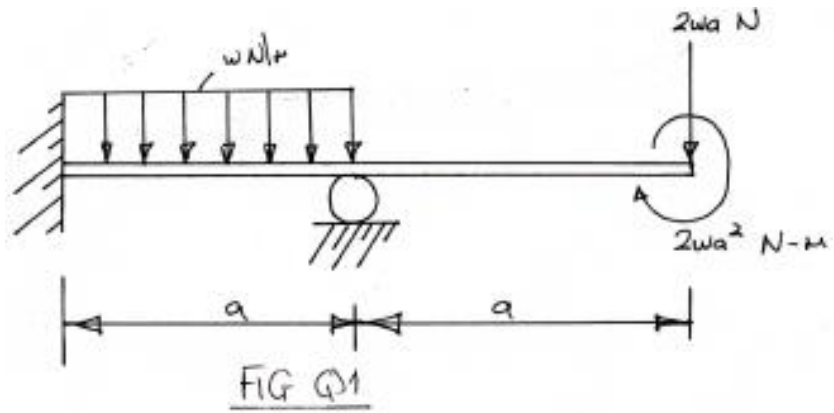
$$M_r = -D \left[ \frac{d^2 w}{dr^2} + \frac{\nu}{r} \frac{dw}{dr} \right]$$

And the bending moment in the circumferential direction per unit length of radius is given by

$$M_\theta = -D \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{dw}{dr} + \nu \frac{d^2 w}{dr^2} \right]$$

$$\text{Also } \frac{d}{dr} \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left( r \frac{dw}{dr} \right) \right] = \frac{Q}{D}$$

Where  $Q$  is the Shear Force per unit length and  $D = \frac{Et^3}{12(1-\nu^2)}$



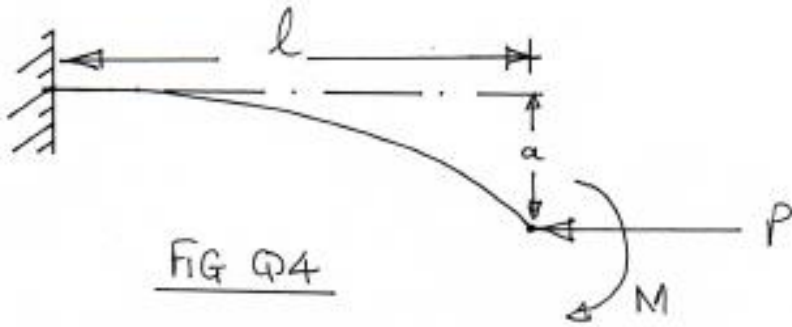


FIG Q4