



**TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

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**Faculty of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Mechanical & Automotive Engineering**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**  
**BSc. Mechanical Engineering**  
**EMG 2403: SOLID AND STRUCTURAL MECHANICS III**  
**SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION**  
**SERIES: SEPT. 2017**  
**TIME: 2 HOURS**  
**DATE: SEPT. 2017**

**Instruction to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer booklet*
- *Non-Programmable scientific calculator*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. All questions carry **EQUAL** marks attempt any **THREE** questions.

**Do not write on the question paper.**

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**Question ONE**

Fig Q1 shows a steel bracket in the form of a curved beam of  $I$  cross-section with all the dimensions indicated as functions of ' $a$ '. The bracket is subjected to a tensile load  $W$ .

- Derive expressions for the maximum tensile stress and maximum compressive stress at section  $x-x$ , in terms of the indicated parameters.
- If the limiting stresses in tension and in compression are respectively  $320\text{MN}/\text{m}^2$  and  $200\text{MN}/\text{m}^2$ , calculate the acceptable value of  $W$ .

### Question TWO

Fig Q2 shows a cylinder made of Material 1, having outside diameter  $360\text{mm}$  and shrink-fitted onto a rod of diameter  $180\text{mm}$  and made from Material 2.

- (a) If a Hoop stress of magnitude  $62\text{MN}/\text{m}^2$  is produced on the outer surface of the cylinder, sketch the distribution of the Hoop stress across the cylinder thickness.
- (b) If the overall temperature is increased by  $40^\circ\text{C}$ , calculate the resultant Hoop stress on the inner surface of the cylinder (Material 1).

$$E_1 = 240\text{MN}/\text{m}^2 \quad ; \quad \nu_1 = 0.32 \quad ; \quad \alpha_1 = 16 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$E_2 = 160\text{MN}/\text{m}^2 \quad ; \quad \nu_2 = 0.36 \quad ; \quad \alpha_2 = 23 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$$

### Question THREE

Fig Q3 shows the cross-section of a cantilever beam of length  $20a$ . The beam supports a vertical upward acting load  $W$  at the free end.

- (i) Derive in terms of the indicated parameters expressions for the maximum tensile stress and the maximum compressive stress at the fixed end of the beam.
- (ii) If  $a = 80\text{mm}$  and if the limiting stresses in tension and in compression are respectively  $320\text{MN}/\text{m}^2$  and  $240\text{MN}/\text{m}^2$ , calculate the maximum value of  $W$  that can be applied on the beam.

### Question FOUR

Fig Q4 shows a thin – walled structure, fixed at the left-hand end (Point A) and at point C it is attached to a block that is constrained to move in a horizontal direction by two smooth horizontal surfaces. The cross-section of the structure is rectangular in cross-section with breadth ' $b$ ' and thickness ' $t$ '. If a horizontal force  $W$  is applied to the block at point C

- (i) calculate the reaction force on the smooth surfaces
- (ii) derive an expression for the horizontal deflection of the block (point C) in terms of the indicated parameters.

### Question FIVE

A steel hollow cylinder has outside diameter  $960\text{mm}$  and inside diameter  $400\text{mm}$ . Calculate the required speed of revolution necessary for the thickness to change by  $0.08\text{mm}$ .

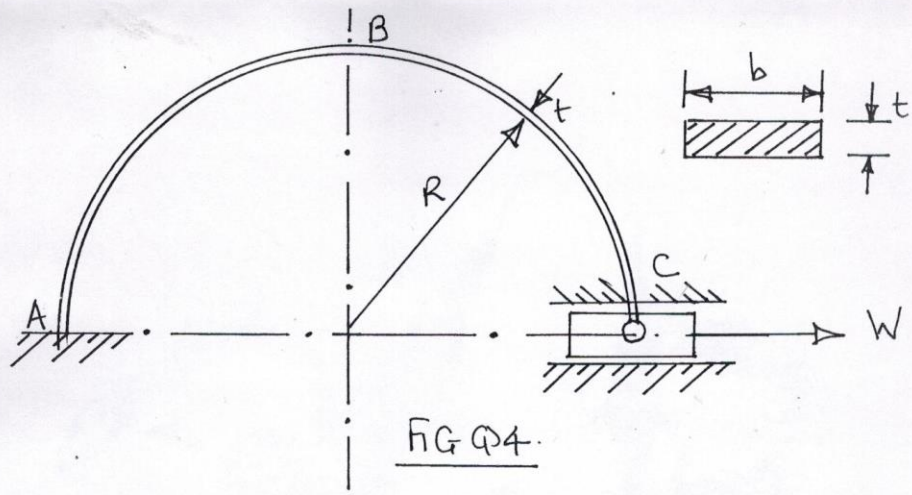
$$E = 200\text{GN}/\text{m}^2 \quad ; \quad \nu = 0.29 \quad ; \quad \rho = 7560\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$$

Use the following equations:

$$\sigma_r = A - \frac{B}{r^2} - \left(\frac{3+\nu}{8}\right)\rho\omega^2 r^2$$

$$\sigma_H = A + \frac{B}{r^2} - \left(\frac{1+3\nu}{8}\right)\rho\omega^2 r^2$$

Where A and B are constants,  $\nu$  the Poisson's ratio,  $\rho$  the density of the material and  $E$  the Modulus of Elasticity of the material.



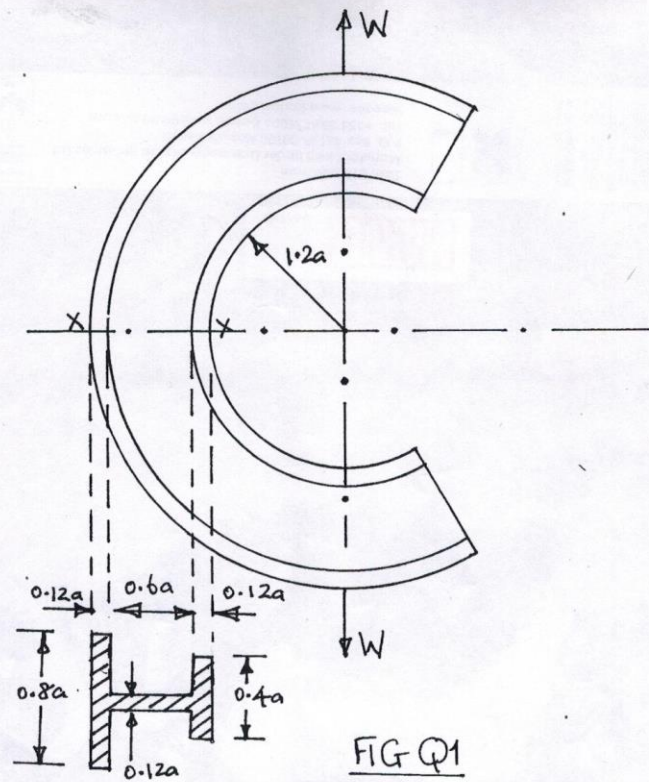


FIG Q1

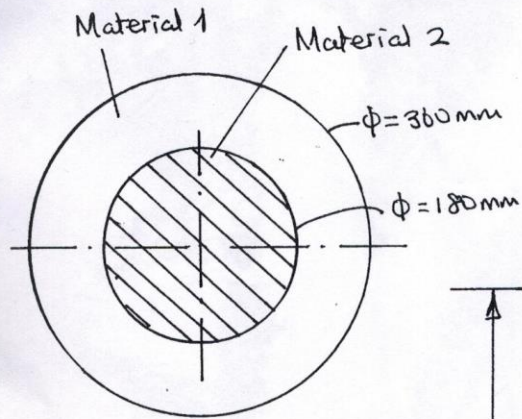


FIG Q2

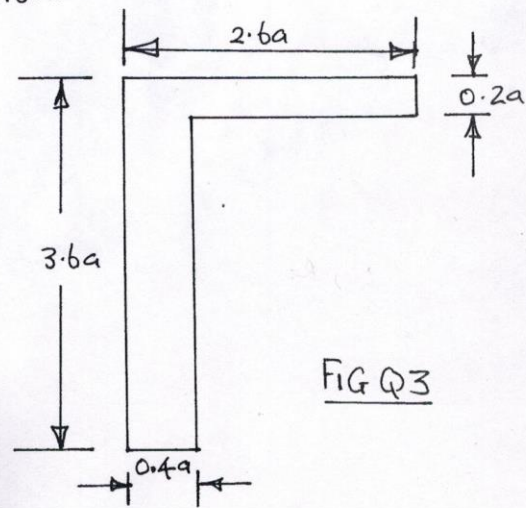


FIG Q3