



# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

## FACULTY OF MEDICAL ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF:

### BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN MEDICAL ENGINEERING

TMD 4101: MEDICAL PHYSICS I.

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES: DECEMBER 2016**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

#### Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions.

Attempt question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions.

**Do not write on the question paper.**

#### **Question ONE (30 marks)**

- (a) i. Describe the three atomic models (3mks)  
ii. Explain the meaning of the following terms
- I. Half-life (1mk)
  - II. Nuclear fission (1mk)
  - III. Excited state (1mk)
  - IV. Ground state (1mk)
- (b) i. Distinguish between somatic and genetic effects of radiation (2mks)  
ii. Briefly explain how brachytherapy is done, giving example (4mks)
- (c) i. Explain what happens during alpha and beta particles decay, giving illustrations (4mks)  
ii. Describe the isotopes of hydrogen (3mks)  
iii. What does LD50/60 stands for? (2mks)
- (d) i. Explain the factors that will determine cell response to radiation (2mks)  
ii. Explain three characteristics of a good dosimeter (3mks)  
iii. State the three types of lasers used in medicine (3mks)

### Question TWO (20marks)

- (a) What is radioactivity? (2mk)
- (b) The half-life of a radioisotope is 6 hours. After how much time will  $\frac{1}{16}$ th of the radioisotope remains. (4mks)
- (c) Explain the biological effects of electromagnetic radiations. (8mks)
- (d) i. Explain any three characteristics of Alpha particles (3mks)  
ii. Explain any three properties of X-Rays that make them useful in medicine (3mks)

### Question THREE (20marks)

- (a) Describe the basic components of a laser (6mks)
- (b) Explain how the three types of lasers are used in medicine (6mks)
- (c). Explain the hazards of laser (6mks)
- (d). Explain the laser safety measures (2mks)

### Question FOUR (20marks)

- (a) Explain the three categories of radiation damage (6mks)
- (b) Explain how certain radioisotopes are used in therapeutic medicine (6mks)
- (c) Explain the advantages of cyclotron over nuclear reactor in isotope production (4mk)
- (d) Describe the differences between ionizing and non-ionizing radiations, giving an example of each (4mks)

### Question FIVE (20marks)

- (a) Explain the properties of beta particles (3mks)
- (b) Highlight the shortcomings of Bohr's atomic model (2mks)
- (c) State any two types of dosimeters (2mks)
- (d) Explain the advantages of CT over regular X-ray (2mks)
- (e) (i) Under what circumstance are positrons emitted (2mks)  
(ii) Write down a chemical equation for positron emission (2mks)
- (f). (i) Explain the Biological effects of microwave and RF waves (4mks)  
(ii) Distinguish between genetic and somatic effects of radiation, giving an example of each. (4mks)