



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

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Faculty of Engineering and Technology  
Department of Mechanical & Automotive Engineering  
SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION FOR:  
BTech. Mechanical Engineering  
TMC 4224 : MATERIAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING II  
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION (SCHOOL BASED)  
SERIES: DECEMBER2017  
TIME: 2 HOURS  
DATE: Pick DateDec2017

**Instruction to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer booklet*
- *Non-Programmable scientific calculator*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions.

All questions carry **EQUAL MAXIMUM** marks

Attempt any other **THREE** questions.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

Do not write on the question paper.

Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination room.

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**Question ONE (20 Marks)**

- What are five important properties of metal powders that will influence the properties of products made from them? (5 Marks)
- What are the four general categories of the powder metallurgy parts? (4 Marks)
- Why is it desirable to have uniform thickness in a powder metallurgy product? (2 Marks)
- What is the difference between impregnation and infiltration? (4 Marks)
- What are some guidelines for good powder metallurgy design? (5 Marks)

**Question TWO (20 Marks)**

- a) State the six basic classifications of stainless steel. (3 Marks)
- b) List the mechanical properties of ferritic stainless steel. (4 Marks)
- c) List the mechanical properties of duplex stainless steel. (4 Marks)
- d) List and discuss the important differences between welding the carbon or low-alloy structural steels and the austenitic stainless and nickel alloys. (9 Marks)

**Question THREE (20 Marks)**

- a) List and discuss four factors which govern the selection of materials for design consideration in mechanical components. (6 Marks)
- b) Discuss the methods of production of:
  - i) Malleable cast iron. (3 Marks)
  - ii) White cast iron. (3 Marks)
- c) A base for a special machine tool will weigh 650 kg if made as a gray iron casting. Pattern cost will be \$500, and the foundry has quoted a price of \$2.32 per kilogram for making the casting. If the part is made as a weldment, it will require 387 kg of steel costing \$0.91 per kilogram. Cutting, edge preparation and setup time will require 25 hours at a rate of \$8.00 per hour for labor and overhead. Welding time will be 65 hours at an hourly rate of \$9.50. Ninety-one kilograms of electrode will be required costing \$0.57 per kilogram.
  - i) Which method of fabrication will be more economical if only one part is required? (4 Marks)
  - ii) What number of parts will be required for welding and casting to break even? (4 Marks)

**Question FOUR (20 Marks)**

- a) List the physical and mechanical properties of aluminum. (5 Marks)
- b) How are the properties of aluminum affected by the inclusion of:
  - i) Copper as an alloying element. (2 Marks)
  - ii) Silicon as an alloying element. (3 Marks)
- c) List and discuss five different types of corrosion present in stainless steel material and the steps that need to be implemented to prevent corrosion. (10 Marks)

**Question FIVE (20 Marks)**

- a) Why do most welding failures in steel components originate in the heat-affected zones? (4 Marks)
- b) What distinguishes a jig from a fixture? (2 Marks)

- c) What six basic factors should be considered in designing jigs and fixtures? (6 Marks)
- d) How are the properties of carbon and low alloy steels affected by inclusion of:
- i) Silicon as an alloying element. (2 Marks)
  - ii) Manganese as an alloying element. (2 Marks)
  - iii) Phosphorus as an alloying element. (2 Marks)
  - iv) Chromium as an alloying element. (2 Marks)