## TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA <br> UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL \& ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

## DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING (DEEE) DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (DMEN) STAGE III SEMESTER I <br> AMA2350: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS V <br> TIME: 2 HOURS

## Question One (Compulsory)

a) State THREE advantages of a telephone interview
b) State THREE properties of a good measure of dispersion
c) Determine using the binomial series the expansion of
$\left(d-\frac{1}{d}\right)^{5}$
(4 Marks)
d) The following distribution shows the length of laurel leaves recorded to the nearest millimetre.

| $\underline{\text { Length (mm) }}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $118-126$ | Frequency |
| $127-135$ | 5 |
| $136-144$ | 9 |
| $145-153$ | 12 |
| $154-162$ | 5 |
| $163-171$ | 4 |
| $172-180$ | 2 |

From the above table calculate the following measures:
i) Mode (2 Marks)
ii) $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ quartile $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{3}\right)$
(3 marks)
iii) $60^{\text {th }}$ percentile $\left(\mathrm{P}_{60}\right)$
(3 Marks)
iv) Range
(2 marks)
e) Using examples explain the following estimates
(i) Point estimation
(ii) Interval estimation
(4 Marks)
(iii) A random sample of 36 employees of a local mining company showed a mean age of 40 years and standard deviation of 4.5 years. Construct a $95 \%$ confidence interval for the mean age of the mining company.
(3 Marks)
f) Explain the following terms related to probability events:
i) Mutually exclusive events
ii) Equally likely events
iii) Independent events

## Question Two (20 marks)

In a survey of 64 middle income apartments in the country it was found that each experienced the following number of electrical faults in a year

| 19 | 16 | 22 | 9 | 22 | 12 | 39 | 19 | 14 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 24 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 17 | 20 | 25 | 28 | 18 |
| 10 | 24 | 20 | 21 | 10 | 7 | 18 | 28 | 24 | 20 |
| 14 | 23 | 25 | 34 | 22 | 5 | 33 | 23 | 26 | 29 |
| 13 | 36 | 11 | 26 | 11 | 37 | 30 | 13 | 8 | 15 |
| 22 | 21 | 32 | 21 | 31 | 17 | 16 | 23 | 12 | 9 |
| 15 | 27 | 17 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From the given data above do the following: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

i) Form a frequency distribution of exclusive class intervals the first class being 5-10.
(4 Marks)
ii) Draw a frequency polygon
(5 Marks)
iii) Calculate the mean electrical faults per year
iv) Calculate the median electrical faults
v) Calculate the standard deviation of the electrical faults in a year
vi) Calculate the coefficient of skewness of the distribution
(2 Marks)

## Question Three (20 marks)

a) Determine the following
i) Define a random experiment
(1 Marks)
ii) In how many ways can the letters of the word COMMUNICATION be arranged
(2 Marks)
b) In how many ways a 9 member committee be seated at a round table if
i) Anyone can sit anywhere
(1 Mark)
ii) The president and the secretary must not sit next to each other
c) In a random selection of 64 house blocks of the 2400 house blocks of a small town, the mean number of electrical-caused accidents per year was 3.2 and sample standard deviation was 0.8 .
i) Make an estimate of the standard deviation of the population from the sample standard deviation
(l mark)
ii) Work out the standard error of mean for this finite population
(3 Marks)
iii) If the desired confidence level is $90 \%$, calculate the upper and lower limits of the confidence interval for the mean number of electrical accidents per household per year
d) A sample of 400 boxes containing a type of an electronic component was found to have a mean weight of 67.47 Kg . Test whether this can be reasonably regarded as a sample from a large population with mean weight of 67.39 Kg and standard deviation 1.30 Kg at $5 \%$ level of significance.
(5 Marks)

## Question Four ( 20 Marks)

a)
i) Define a random variable
(1 Marks)
ii) Four defective capacitors are accidentally mixed with 20 good capacitors. Obtain the probability distribution of the number of defective capacitors in a draw of 2 capacitors at random
(9 Marks)
b) In a blade manufacturing factory $\frac{1}{5} \%$ of the blades produced turns out to be defective. The blades are supplied in packets of 10 . Use Poisson distribution to calculate in a consignment of 100,000 packets, the approximate number of packets containing:
i) No defective blade
ii) One defective blade . (6 Marks)
c) A variable has been established to follow the standard normal distribution. Determine the probability that a value for this variable will lie
i) Between 1.3 and 2.4
ii) Below -1.5
(4 Marks)

## Question Five (20 Marks)

a) Calculate the Geometric mean for the following distribution

| Components size | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of <br> components | 5 | 7 | 15 | 25 | 8 |

(6 Marks)
b) Evaluate $(1.002)^{8}$ using binomial expansion correct to 7 significance figures.
(4 Marks)
c) If $10 \%$ of bolts produced by a machine are defective. Determine the probability that out of 10 bolts chosen at random,

| i) | One is defective | $(3$ marks $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ii) | None is defective | $(3$ Marks $)$ |
| iii) | At most 2 bolts will be defective | $(4$ Marks $)$ |

