

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

A Centre of Excellence

Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE SECOND SEMESTER IN THE FOURTH
YEAR OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER
SCIENCE**

MAY 2016 SERIES EXAMINATION

UNIT CODE: AMA 4426

UNIT TITLE: STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

TIME ALLOWED: 2HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

You should have the following for this examination

- Mathematical tables
- Scientific Calculator

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- (a) (i) Define stationarity in the strict sense and stationarity in the weak sense. (4 marks)
- (ii) Show that a stochastic process with probability generating function given by :

$$P(S) = e^{\lambda t(s-1)} \text{ is non stationary in the weak sense.}$$

(4 marks)

(b) Let $\{X_n : n = 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$ be a stochastic process with probability distribution.

$$P(X_n = K) = \begin{cases} pq^{k-1}, & k = 2, 3, 4, \dots \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the probability generating function of $\{X_n\}$. Hence obtain the mean and the variance of the process.

(14 marks)

(c) Consider Fibonacci number given by $f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1$

$$f_n = f_{n-1} + f_{n-2}, \quad (n \geq 2)$$

Find the generating function of these numbers

(8 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

A stochastic process with state space $(E_1 E_2 E_3 E_4)$ has the following transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Classify the states of this process.

(20 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

(a) Define the following terms:

(i) Stochastic process (2 marks)

(ii) Bernoulli process (2 marks)

(iii) Markov chain (2 marks)

(b) The joint distribution of two random variables X and Y is given by :

$$P_{jk} = P\{X = j, Y = k\} = \begin{cases} q^{j+k} p^2, & j = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, k = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, p + q = 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Obtain the following:

- (i) Bivariate p.g.f of X and Y (3 marks)
- (ii) Variance of X and Y (10 marks)
- (iii) Covariance of X and Y (1 mark)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

(a) Let X be a random variable such that $P(X = k) = P_k$

$$P(X > k) = q_k = \sum_{r=k+1}^{\infty} P_r, k > 0$$

If

$$P(S) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} P_k S^k \quad \text{and} \quad Q(S) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} q_k S^k$$

Show that $(1 - S)Q(S) = 1 - P(S)$ and that $E(X) = Q(1)$

(10 marks)

(b) Suppose that $X_i, i = 1, 2$ are two independent random variables with

$$P(X_i = k) = p_i q_i^k, i = 1, 2 \text{ and } k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Find the bivariate p.g.f $P(S_1, S_2)$ of the pair (X_1, X_2) and from the form of the p.g.f, the sum $S_1 = X_1 + X_2$.

Verify that

$$P(S_2 = k) = \sum_{r=0}^k q_1^r p_1 q_2^{k-r} p_2$$

(10 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

(a) Solve the differential difference equation

$$U_n'(t) = U_{n-1}^{(t)} \quad t \geq 0, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

Given the initial conditions:

$$U_n(t) = 1, t \geq 0 \quad \text{and} \quad U_n(0) = 0, n \neq 0$$

(10 marks)

b) The probability function

$P_n = P(N = n)$ $n=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$ of a random variable N satisfy the difference equation

$$P_{n+1} - (1 + a)P_n + aP_{n-1} = 0, n \geq 1 \quad \text{and} \quad -P_1 + aP_0 = 0, 0 < a < 1$$

Solve the equation using the method characteristic function.

(10 marks)