

### **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR: HIGHER DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

# EEP 3204: ELECTRICAL MACHINES I

# END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: MAY 2016 TIME: 2 HOURS

### DATE:

### **Instructions to Candidates**

You should have the following for this examination *-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID* This paper consists of FIVE questions. Attempt any **THREE Questions Do not write on the question paper.** 

### **QUESTION ONE**

a. With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of Split phase induction motor.

(5 marks)

b. Derive the expression for the starting torque of a three phase induction motor and explain the effect of change of supply voltage V on the starting torque.

(5 mark)

- c. Explain three factors that affect the speed of a dc motor. (6 marks)
- d. A 350V shunt motor runs at its normal speed of 600 r.p.m when the armature current is 100A. The resistance of armature is  $0.2\Omega$ . Calculate the speed when a resistance is inserted in the field reducing the shunt field to 90% of normal value and armature current is 200A. (4 marks)

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#### **QUESTION TWO**

- a. A 3- phase induction motor is wound for 6 poles and is supplied from 60Hz system. Calculate :
  - (i) The synchronous speed.
  - (ii) The speed of the motor when slip is 3%.
  - (iii) Rotor current frequency when motor runs at 800 r.p.m. (6 marks)
- b. A 4-pole inductor motor has a star-connected rotor. The rotor has a resistance of  $0.1\Omega$  per phase and standstill reactance of  $2\Omega$ /phase. The induced emf between the slip rings is 100V. if the full-load speed is 1460rpm, calculate:
  - i. The slip.
  - ii. The emf induced in the rotor in each phase.
  - iii. The rotor reactance per phase.
  - iv. The rotor current.
  - v. Rotor power factor. (assume slip rings are short-circuited) (10 marks)
- c. Explain how Torque-Slip Characteristics vary when adding resistance to rotor circuit? (2 marks)
- d. What is the condition for maximum torque in induction motor? (1 mark)
- e. State three applications of a single phase induction motor (3 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE**

- (i) Explain why a single phase induction motor is not self starting and how the motor can be made self starting. (4 marks)
- (ii) At starting, the winding of a 230V, 50Hz, split-phase induction motor have the following parameters:

Main winding:  $R = 4\Omega$ ;  $X_L = 7.5\Omega$ Starting winding:  $R = 7.5 \Omega$ ;  $X_L = 4\Omega$ .

Find:

- a. Current  $I_m$  in the main winding.
- b. Current  $I_s$  in the starting winding.
- c. Phase angle between  $I_{\rm s}$  and  $I_{\rm m}.$
- d. Line current.

e. Power factor of the motor.

(8 marks)

- (iii) Explain the disadvantages of Star-Delta Starting of Induction motor. (2 marks)
- (iv) Explain why power factor of a single phase induction motor is low. (2 marks)
- (v) Give two methods employed in making single phase induction motors selfstarting. (2 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR**

(i) Describe the torque- slip characteristics of a three phase induction motor.

(5 marks)

- (ii) Describe how speed control of a three phase induction motor by changing the applied voltage can be achieved and state any TWO limitations of this method. (5 marks)
- (iii) A dc motor takes an armature current of 220A at 960V. The armature circuit resistance is  $0.4\Omega$ . The machine has 6 poles and the armature is lap connected with 1728 conductors. The flux per pole is 0.1wb. calculate:
  - (a) The speed.
  - (b) The gross torque developed by the armature. (4 marks)
- (iv) A 250V, 60 kW, 1200 rpm dc shunt motor has on full load an efficiency of 80%. The armature circuit resistance is  $0.25\Omega$  and there is total voltage drop of 1v at the brushes. The field current is 1.7A. determine:
  - (a) Full load current.
  - (b) Full load shaft torque in N-m.
- (v) Total resistance in motor starter to limit the starting current to 1.5 times the full load. (6 marks)

### **QUESTION FIVE**

- f. Explain the principle on which electric motor works. (4 marks)
- g. Explain how the speed of a dc motor can be regulated using the rheostatic control method. (4 marks)
- h. A 3-phase synchronous motor has 12 poles and operates from 440V, 50Hz supply. Calculate its speed. If it takes a line current of 100A at 0.8 power factor leading, what torque the motor will be developing? Neglect losses. (4 marks)
- i. A 3-phase slip ring motor gives a reading of 55V across slip rings on open circuit when at stand still with normal stator voltage applied. The rotor is starconnected and has impedance of  $(0.7 + j5) \Omega$  per phase. Find the rotor current and pf when the machine is:
  - a. At standstill with slip rings joined to a star-connected starter with a phase impedance of  $(4 + j3) \Omega$ .
  - b. When running normally with a 5% slip. (8 marks)