

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

SOCIAL SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BSDS Y4S1

BDS4211: SOCIAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT

SERIES:APRIL2016

TIME:2HOURS

DATE:9May2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of FIVE questions. Attemptquestion ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

Question ONE

a)	Explain why social movements arise	(5 marks)
b)	Explain how the family has changed in terms of its functions.	(5 marks)
c)	Explain five factors that influence adaptation of an innovation.	(5 marks)
d)	Explain any five current trends in the family.	(5 marks)
e)	Explain how the following influences social change and development.	
	(i) Cultural innovations	(2 marks)
	(ii) Increase or decrease in population	(2 marks)
	(iii) Environmental change	(2 marks)
f)	Explain TWO contributions of religion to social change and development.	(4 marks)

Question TWO

Discuss using examples any four psychological stimulants of social change.

(20 marks)

Discuss the impediments to social change in Kenya.

(20marks)

Question FOUR

Discuss using examples any three patterns of social change.

(20marks)

Question FIVE

Discuss the contributions of social movements in Kenya.

(20 marks)

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BDS 4211 SOCIAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT PAPER B

MARKING GUIDE PAPER B

- Q1. (a) Why social movements arise
 - Seek to achieve social change through non institutional forms of political action.
 - Resource mobilization
 - Grassroots organizing
 - Conscience constituents provide resources for others but themselves are not members of the movements
 - To achieve social objectives
 - Resolve social problems
 Any 5 @ 1mark = 5 mark) well explained.
 - (b) How the family has changed in terms of its functions
 - Lost its traditional functions to other agencies such as the school church stale etc.
 - Economic functions declined
 - Function of protection transferred to policies welfare departments medical profession and insurance
 - Family no longer functions as a religious recreational status, conferring and reproduction Open question

(Any 5 @ 1point = 5marks)

(c) Factors that influence adaption of an innovation.

- (d) Current trends in the family
 - Young peoples delay marriage
 - People prefer to forgo marriage
 - Increase in one persons household
 - Decrease in family size
 - Tendency by women to postpone child bearing because of concern with carriers economics security and personal freedom.
 - Development of streamlined family i.e. e nuclear family without children
 - Increase in planned childlessness
- (e) Explain how the following influences social change and development cultural innovation practical application of scientific knowledge.

(i)

- Cultural innovation
- Practical application of scientific knowledge
- Social use of technology determine culture, social structure and history diffusion

Any 1 @ 2 = 2marks)

- (ii) Increase or decrease in population
 - Causes migration and affects people's lives
 - Culture is transmitted by people no people no culture move.

Any 1 @ 2 marks = 2 marks

(iv) Environmental change

People adapt to new climate flooded areas landslides

Any 1 pt @2 = 2marks

- (f) Contributions of Religion to social change
 - Reinforce group norms
 - Moral sanctions for actions
 - Education
 - When social conditions are under pressure, religion encourage actions to be taken.

Any 2pt @ 2 = 4marks)

- Q2. Psychological stimulants of social change.
 - Motivation to change
 - Perceived needs
 - Communication patterns
 - Attitudes

- Personal influence
- Any 4 pts @ 5 well explained with examples = Total = 20 marks

Q3. Impediments to social change

- Vested interests
- Status interest
- Social class
- Ideological resistance
- Group solidarity
- Authority
- Fear of the unfamiliar Any 4 (a) 5 = 20marks

Q4. Patterns of social change

- Evolution
- Diffusion
- Modernization
- Acculturative modernization
- Bureaneratization

Any 2 pts x 6marks well explained

Examples = 2 marks

Total 20marks

Q5. Contributions of social movements in Kenya

- Reformist movements change economy politics systems etc.
- Revolutionary movements seek to alter the existing social / political and economic system.
- Rebellions overthrow existing social political a economic system
- Reactionary movements restore an earlier social system .
- Communication seek to withdraw from the dominant society

Achievements

- Release political prisons
- Political reforms repeat of section 2A of the constitution
- Safeguarding environment e.g. green belt movement protected karura forest and uhuru park from being grabbed
- Human rights activities

Open question

Any 5 pts @ 4 = 20marks well explained with examples.