



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering and Technology

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING (DEEE2)

ELECTROMAGNETISM II

EEP 2104

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: MAY 2016

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: Pick Date Select Month Pick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

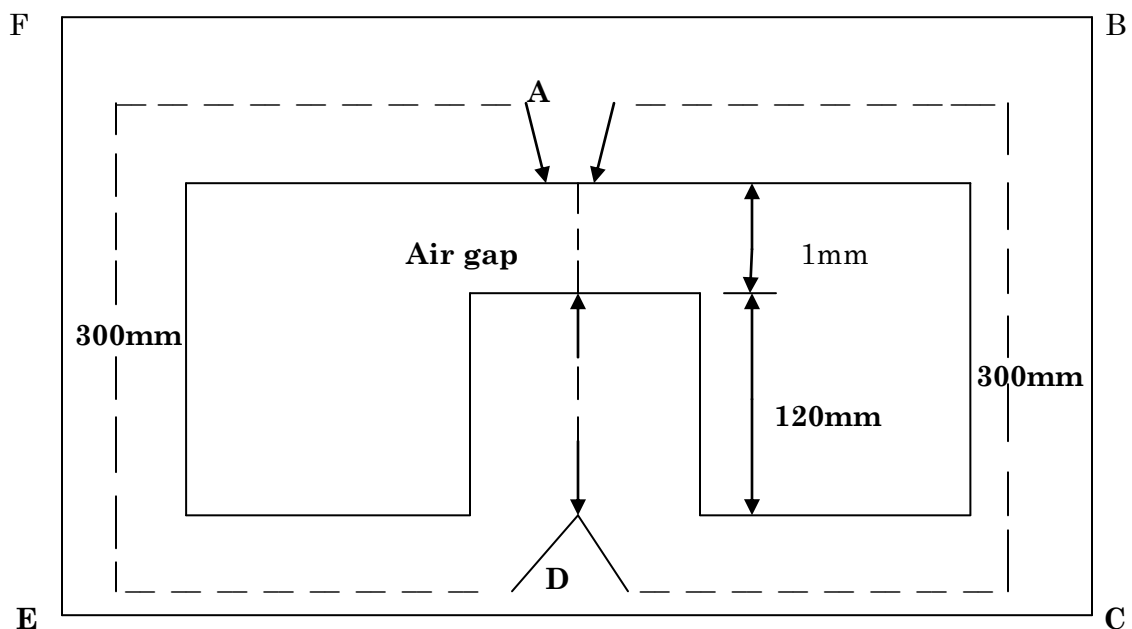
-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of **five** Questions;. Attempt any **THREE** Questions.

Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE

- a. State Lenz's law. (2 marks)
- b. A magnetic circuit made of mild steel is arranged as shown. The central limb is wound with 500 turns and has a cross sectional area of 800mm^2 . Each of the outer limbs has a cross sectional area of 500mm^2 . The air gap has a length of 1mm , calculate the current required to set up a flux of 1.3mwb in the central limb assuming no magnetic leakage and fringing. Mild steel required 3800AT/m to produce flux density of 1.625T and 850AT/m to produce flux density of 1.3T . (8 marks)



- c. State **three** factors that affect the force on a current carrying conductor. (3 marks)
- d. A conductor carries a current of 30mA at a right angle to a magnetic field having a flux density of 12.25T . Calculate the force on the conductor in Newtons per meter length. (3 marks)
- e. State **FOUR** comparisons between magnetic circuit and electrical circuit. (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a. With the aid of a diagram describe the operation of a loudspeaker. (8 marks)
- b. Calculate the force exerted on a charge of $13.5 \times 10^{-18}\text{C}$ travelling at $0.25 \times 10^6\text{m/s}$ perpendicular to a field of density $0.75 \times 10^{-7}\text{T}$. (3 marks)

- c. State **three** differences between magnetic and electrical circuits. (3 marks)
- d. Draw a diagram of a simple moving coil instrument and explain its operation. (6 marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a. Show that the emf induced in a coil is given by:

$$e = -N \frac{d\phi}{dt} \text{ Volt} \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$
- b. A coil of resistance 120Ω is placed in a magnetic field of 1m Wb . The coil has 100 turns and a galvanometer of 350Ω resistance is connected in series with it. Find the average emf and the current, if the coil is moved in 0.025 seconds from the given field to a field of 0.1mWb . (5 marks)
- c. The field coils of a 6 pole dc generator each having 100 turns, are connected in series. When the field is excited, there is a magnetic flux of 0.02Wb/pole . If the field circuit is opened in 0.02 second and residual magnetism is 0.002Wb/pole , calculate the average voltage which is induced across the field terminals. In which direction is this voltage directed relative to direction of current. (4 marks)
- d. State Lenz's law. (1 mark)
- e. A conductor 1.2m long is carrying a current of 25A and is placed in a magnetic field of uniform flux density of 0.6wb/m^2 . Calculate the mechanical force of the conductor when the conductor is placed at:
- Right angles to the magnetic field.
 - 60° to the perpendicular to the magnetic field.
 - Horizontal to the magnetic field. (6 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a. State the Faradays laws of electromagnetic induction. (2 marks)
- b. Show that the energy density of a magnetic field is given by:

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \frac{B^2}{\mu_0} \text{ J/m}^3 \text{ given } B = \mu_0 n I \text{ and self inductance } L = \mu_0 n^2 I A \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- c. A solenoid with 1000 turns has a length of 300 mm and a diameter of 10 mm. A current of 0.5 A flows through it and the magnetic field is assumed uniform inside the solenoid. Find the magnetic energy density inside the solenoid. (3 marks)
- d. A coil of 150 turns is rotated at 1500r/min in a magnetic field having a uniform density of 0.05T , the axis of rotation being at right angles to the direction of the flux. The mean area per turn is 30cm^2 . Calculate :
- The frequency.

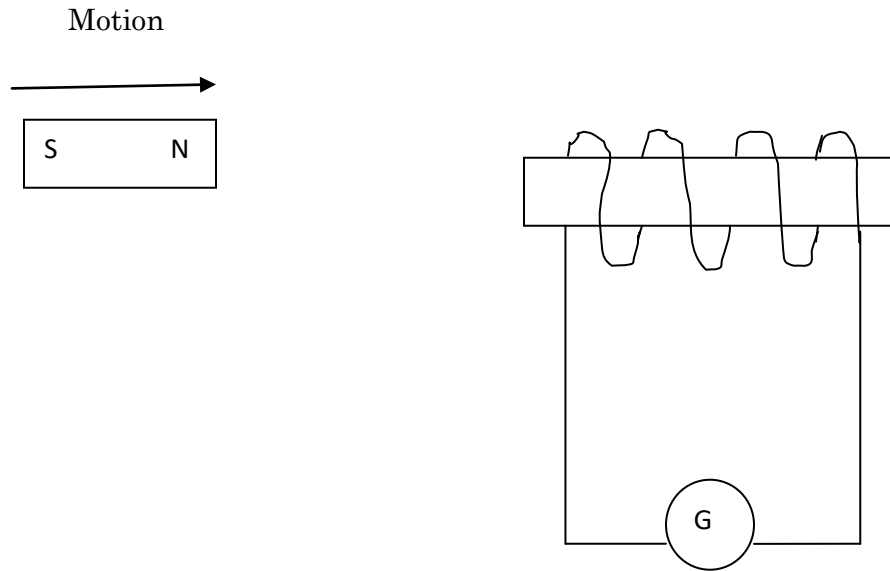
- ii. Period.
 - iii. The maximum value of the generated emf.
 - iv. The value of generated emf when the coil has rotated through 60° from the position of zero emf. (6 marks)
- e. Starting from $e = 2Bl\sin\theta$, show that maximum emf of a coil of N turns is given by:

$$E_m = 2\pi BAN$$
 (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

- (i) Draw a diagram of a simple moving coil instrument and explain its operation. (6 marks)
- (ii) Show that the emf induced in a coil is given by:

$$e = -N \frac{d\phi}{dt} \text{ Volt}$$
 (4 marks)
- (iii) Determine the direction of the induced current in the circuit of figure 1 (1 mark)



- (iv) A conductor 1.2m long is carrying a current of 25A and is placed in a magnetic field of uniform flux density of 0.6wb/m^2 . Calculate the mechanical force of the conductor when the conductor is placed at:
 - a. Right angles to the magnetic field.
 - b. 60° to the perpendicular to the magnetic field.
 - c. Horizontal to the magnetic field. (6 marks)
- (v) Explain THREE requirements for operation of an analogue instrument.(3 marks)